BALLIAS INTERPORT

Public Library
Delica, Texas

Present

PLANS

B (very)

"OUT OF THE FIGHT? Hell, no... I'm just swapping jobs!



Employment of disabled veterans is a policy at all North American Aviation plants... enables former members of armed forces to "stay in the fight' by contributing their skill and experience to an essential war industry.

For some time we have been making every effort to give employment to discharged veterans whose physical condition and aptitude permit, as rapidly as they are released from Army and Navy hospitals.

If you know of a veteran who will soon be released from the hospital, we ask you to recommend that he investigate the opportunities at North American.

The procedure is simple: When a veteran is ready to leave the hospital, he is interviewed by a representative of the U.S. Employment Service regarding his desire to enter aviation work, his previous experience, his mechanical training acquired in service.

Upon his release, the veteran will be referred to the USES office in his home district. That office will determine the plant near his home to which he will be referred, and it is suggested that veterans interested in joining the North American organization so indicate to the USES interviewer. At the North American plant, the veteran will be interviewed to determine his aptitudes, experience and training, given a physical examination, then placed in the type of work for which he is best suited.

Veterans need jobs, our industry needs men. What helps both, helps America. We are proud to have a part in this important program.

NORTH AMERICAN AVIATION, INC.

Designers and builders of the 8-25 Mitchell bomber, AT-6 Texan trainer and the P-51 Mustang fighter (A-36 fighter-bomber). Member, Aircraft War Production Council. Inc.



W. G. HARRIS & CO.

General Agents

ÆTNA LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Life, Accident, Health and Group Insurance, Annuities, Pensions



1301 Republic Bank Building

C-6201



JEFFERSON

HOTEL

LAWRENCE MANGOLD, General Manager

DALLAS

DALLAS . DECEMBER, 1943

VO

Establ

VEL

lookin

Gener

Stoff

Maste

Comp

D 11

Dallas

War Cl Washin

Fifty Y

at the Offices
The Dunity
ness n
the vie

DA

OFFIC Tree

W.

Ca:

DALLA

DALLAS

VOLUME 22

DECEMBER, 1943

NUMBER 12

Established in 1922 by the Dallas Chamber of Commerce in the interest of Dallas and the Southwest, of which Dallas is the service center

Z. E. BLACK Acting Editor
VELMA BOSWELL Business Manager
ED FLOYD Advertising Manager



Member Southwestern Association of Industrial Editors

CONTENTS

Looking Ahead (An Editorial)	
By B. F. McLAIN, President, Dallas Chamber of Commerce	
Officers and Board of Directors, Dallas Chamber of Commerce (Pictorial)	
General Manager's Annual Report.	
Departmental Reports	
Staff, Dallas Chamber of Commerce (Pictorial)	9
New Modern Industrial Plants in Dallas (Pictorial)	11
Master Plan for City of 670,000 by 1970 By E. A. WOOD, Dallas City Plan Engineer	12
Comprehensive Airport Plan for Dallas (Pictorial)	13
Dallas, Headquarters for Braniff Airways—Past, Present and Future	14-15
Dallas, Business and Federal Capital of the Southwest	16-17
Dallas-Made Bombers Final Assembly Line (Pictorial)	17
Eighth Service Command's First Anniversary in Dallas	18
War Chest Drive Tops Its Quota by \$326,000 (Pictorial)	19
Washington: Now It Can Be Told. 8y DALE MILLER, Representative of the Dallas Chamber of Commerce in the Nation's Capital	20
Fifty Years of Papermaking	21

Advertising rates on application. Subscription rates, \$2.00 per year. Single copies, 20 cents. Foreign, \$3.00 per year. Published monthly and entered as second-class matter, February 6, 1922, at the Post Office at Dallas, Texas, under the act of March 3, 1879. Reprint permission on request. Offices 1101 Commerce Street, Dallas, Texas. Telephone R-8451. Dallas is owned and published by The Dallas Chamber of Commerce. Its objective is to assist the Southwest in achieving a sense of unity and co-operation by presenting articles which may prove interesting and informative to business men. Neither Dallas nor The Chamber of Commerce stands sponsor for nor is committed by the views expressed by authors in these articles.

DALLAS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

OFFICERS: B. F. McLain, President; A. H. Bailey, F. O. Burns, D. A. Hulcy, Vice Presidents; J. C Tenison, Treasurer.

DIRECTORS: Nathan Adams, A. H. Bailey, F. O. Burns, Paul Carrington, Edgar L. Flippen, Fred F. Florence, J. M. Haggar, Jake L. Hamon, William S. Henson, D. A. Hulcy, O. H. Koch, George L. Mac-Gregor, B. F. McLain, John E. Mitchell, Jr., Charles R. Moore, W. F. Neale, J. M. Penland, Jack Pew, W. L. Prehn, E. P. Simmons, H. Fuller Stevens, Ernest R. Tennant.

STAFF: J. Ben Critz, Vice President and General Manager; Clyde V. Wallis, Industrial Department; Bob Bourdene, Manufacturers and Wholesalers' Department; Z. E. Black, Convention Department; R. C. Dolbin, Retail Department; Sam Goodstein, Transportation Department; Mark Hannon, Public Relations and Membership Service Department; Jay Little, Highway and Information Department; Velma Boswell, Cashier; Mrs. Olga Cardenas Leach, Foreign Trade Department; Sam Tobolowsky (on leave), Business Manager.

Something TO LOOK FORWARD TO

At present, Layne-Texas facilities for developing well water systems are concentrated on the important job of filling the needs of the military and essential war industries. A large number of these systems have been put into operation throughout Texas in an unbelievably short time.

We are exploring new subterranean areas . . . charting new sources of water . . . developing new techniques of well drilling and finishing. When victory is won, this skill and knowledge will be ready to provide municipalities and industries with the finest possible well water system. There will be improved design pumps . . . better materials to add more life to equipment . . and advanced facilities for installing and servicing well water systems.

In the meantime, be glad you have a Layne-Texas well water system for dependable service.

LAYNE-TEXAS COMPANY

"WORLD'S LARGEST WATER DEVELOPERS"

HOUSTON

Looking Ahead

By B. F. McLain

President, Dallas Chamber of Commerce

A S we approach the end of our second year of participation in the war no one can predict with assurance how many more months or years of warfare are before us. We may hope for a short war, but it is

the part of wisdom to plan and produce for a long one. Concentration on winning the war must be the first objective of civilians as well as members of our armed services, but that concentration does not preclude intelligent planning for the post-war period. The years immediately subsequent to the termination of hostilities will unquestionably be among the most critical in the history of Dallas. The tremendous uncertain-



MR. McLAIN

ties that now becloud our vision of the developments in the post-war period place definite restrictions on the possibility of adopting an inflexible program of exact details. If there is anything certain about conditions to prevail with the coming of peace, it is that this period will be of a new and different pattern from anything we

have experienced in the past.

After the war of 1776 there was a great surge westward to develop a virgin land enormously rich in untouched resources. The cities of real size were confined to locations which provided water transportation. We had an almost exclusively agricultural economy, and population became diffused thinly over a great area. Development followed the fertility of land and the location of natural resources. After the Civil War this country expanded with the growth and extension of the railroads. Towns on rail lines grew and flourished while communities of equal size by-passed by railroads became stagnant or dwindled in size and importance. After the first World War the expansion of the automotive industry afforded employment to hundreds of thousands of workers. Cities where cars were manufactured grew by leaps and bounds. Good roads contributed to the commercial expansion of our larger cities while smaller towns suffered as their former customers drove to larger centers of population to transact their business.

After this war we will probably see an enormous expansion in aviation. Cities which are not alert to its possibilities will probably lose in the competition of municipalities. It is altogether probable that competition between cities will become increasingly more intense under post-war conditions because practically any city can be served by aviation. The race will be won by those who are active and alert. Yes, airmindedness is important now, but that in itself will not solve our postwar problems. Modern war is indeed an all-out struggle for all our people. We have found it necessary to gear our economy for a war that requires all the resources which can be tapped at the present. We are devoting all the manpower possible to the war effort and borrowing

on the future production of national wealth to finance it. The dislocations which will be inherent in the transition of our economy from war to peace will bear a direct relation to the extent of our war effort. That is to say that the post-war period involves enormous complexities for our nation and all its cities. No community ever solved a complex problem without an alert and courageous leadership willing to assume civic responsibilities.

The cities which will prosper in the future will probably be those where the citizenship displays vision, courage and energy in adopting enlightened policies in their private affairs and in their collective activities. The intelligence and energy of the people of our American cities will probably average about the same throughout the country. Cities that forge to the front are those where the industry, the initiative and the ability of its people are mobilized by leaders who are willing to give their time and energy in welding together

the unified strength of its citizens.

Dallas is looking into the future. Our Municipal and County Governments are planning for our future in aviation. They are working on a master plan to mold into desirable form the development of Dallas, plans that will afford employment when our armed forces are demobilized and the fabricating of munitions stops. We who have been spared the shock of battle can at least unite in assisting those who have fought for us to return to a city that has planned for their future. This is indeed a time for civic unity—a time for sincere and helpful cooperation among all Dallasites so that we may solve the great problems which are before us with the strength that comes only from unity.

Yes, intelligent planning is most important, but other cities are planning. The people of Dallas must not only plan, they must resolve individually and collectively to execute their plans unselfishly and courageously. They must be reconciled to unexpected difficulties that probably will arise in a period of great uncertainties. If we are to chart a course of continued civic progress, we can be guided as we go by whatever certainties may exist. This much is certain, the city that displays vision, initiative, energy and courage will go forward in spite of all difficulties. Fortunately Dallas has a tradition of possessing a citizenship which has these qualities. We call these collective attributes the Dallas spirit. This spirit inspired those who have gone before us here to develop a great city that far outstripped many similiarly located towns of equal opportunities. We are the beneficiaries of their inspired leadership. We have the obligation of being worthy of the heritage they bequeathed us. Our generation must unite to carry Dallas through the post-war period in a manner worthy of the men who built Dallas and of our sons who must adjust themselves to the ways of peace when they have won the greatest of all wars.

Officers and Board of Directors for 1943



it.
on
ect
ay
es
er
ail-

bn,

es

es. ur ne nt ilre

d n d is e e

st n d d e

y

9

B. F. McLAIN President



A. H. BAILEY Vice-President



F. O. BURNS Vice-President



D. A. HULCY Vice-President



J. C. TENISON Treasurer



J. BEN CRITZ General Manager



NATHAN ADAMS



EDGAR L. FLIPPEN



FRED F. FLORENCE



J. M. HAGGAR



JAKE HAMON



WILLIAM S. HENSON



O. H. KOCH



GEORGE L. MacGREGOR



JOHN E. MITCHELL, JR.



CHARLES R. MOORE



WILLIAM F. NEALE



J. M. PENLAND



JACK PEW



W. L. PREHN



E. P. SIMMONS



H. FULLER STEVENS



ERNEST R. TENNANT



PAUL CARRINGTON (Ex-Officio)



General Manager Reports Chamber Activities Becoming Broader and More Varied

DURING my thirteen years as manager of the Chamber, it is my observation that the activities of the Chamber become broader and more varied each year. Especially has this been true during the past two years of war activity during which the many Government Agencies with their many rules, regulations and directives have come into being.

New and varied problems have developed for our members in all lines of endeavor and it has been our job to assist them in meeting these problems. We have been the clearing house for all such activities. Although this has meant added work for the staff, it has brought about a closer relationship between the Chamber and its members, which is fine for both. We are delighted that more and more of our members are calling on us for assistance.

In addition, the tremendous growth of our city caused by the expansion of defense plants and war industries has created additional problems and activities while regular routine activities have increased in proportion.

Although not many new large industries have come to Dallas during the past year, since private non-defense industry is unable to expand because of war conditions, and because the construction of defense plants has reached the limit necessary, yet the expansion of those already located here has been tremendous.

All of our industries located here many years and now majorly engaged with Government contracts and those that have come to us as a result of the war have doubled and even tripled in size and in production during the past year. The Army and Navy installations here have also experienced the same expansions. The Naval Base is being enlarged steadily and is now one of the leading primary Naval Training Stations in the United States. The Army Air Corps has just recently authorized the expenditure of \$5,000,000,000 for improvements at Hensley Field.

The Ferrying Command at Love Field continues to grow, requiring additional land for this airport, and the Army is just completing over \$1,000,000.00 in improvements on this field.

The Eighth Service Command and the many other Army activities continue to grow in size and importance and as a result Dallas is today one of the major war centers in the nation.

Dallas is known over the country as little Washington as it is the headquarters for the southwest of all the important Government Agencies, such as W. P. B., O. P. A., etc. These Agencies continue to grow each year and during the past year a very important one was added in the acquisition of the headquarters of the Tenth Civil Service District Offices.

In addition to the current activities, much time and effort has been expended in the development of post-war plans for Dallas. Several committees are actively engaged in this extremely important project. A tremendous amount of research is being done and valuable data accumulated so that we may be prepared to carry on in an intelligent and satisfactory manner after the war.

Our New Business and Industrial Department is contacting many of the larger

companies over the country with reference to their post-war expansion, and very favorable response is being received. Many of the larger industries and corporations have had engineers and executives visit Dallas to make surveys and acquire data to be used in their post-war expansion plans.

191 complaned

factu indir of se

ing | industrial aircr to its

ufact

City'

conv

tries

creat

City'

other

manı

the a

senti

craft

distri

were

cerns

The

oil ce

firms

leum

indus

much

the 1

signe

Dalla

to th

plant

order

natio

such

their

ties '

opera

sion '

or di

erve

irms

Nu

Th

In

Co

The finances of the Chamber are in the best condition in the history of the organization and although our activities have increased materially, we are operating considerably under our budget.

I wish to express my appreciation for the capable, aggressive and unselfish cooperation of the members of our staff. The Dallas Chamber of Commerce is very fortunate in having a working personnel of capable, experienced, and efficient men and women, who are ready and willing to work many extra hours without extra pay in order to give the best service possible to our members.

Also are we grateful to the Officers and Board of Directors for their splendid leadership and also their patience and understanding; to the many committee members who give so generously of their valuable time and efforts and for the fine support and confidence of our entire membership.

We shall faithfully endeavor to continue to merit this support and confidence.

This is your Chamber of Commerce and we are your employees, anxious to be of service. We welcome your suggestions, recommendations and interest.

Respectfully,

Ben Critz

DALLAS . DECEMBER, 1943

Departmental Reports

Industrial

DESPITE wartime handicaps and restrictions, 655 new concerns located in Dallas during the first ten months of 1943, including seventy manufacturing plants, 140 wholesalers or distributors, 191 retail establishments, eighteen oil companies, and 236 classified as miscellaneous.

A high percentage of the new manufacturing plants are engaged directly or indirectly in war production. Of the total of seventy, twenty-five are manufacturing parts or equipment for the aircraft industry, further rounding out the City's aircraft production facilities and adding to its prestige as the leading aircraft manufacturing center in the Southwest.

Contributing materially also to the City's development in aviation was the conversion of one of the larger war industries from ordnance to aircraft engines, creating an industry that fits well into the City's postwar aviation program. Ten other concerns, while not engaged in manufacturing, located in Dallas to serve the aviation industry in this area, representing numerous manufacturers of aircraft parts and equipment in a sales and distribution capacity.

In the year's total of new concerns were fifty-nine branches of national concerns and ten new governmental agencies. The City increased its importance as an oil center through the addition of eighteen firms engaged in the production of petroleum or the sale of equipment to the oil industry.

The Industrial Department devoted much of its activity, particularly during the last half of the year, to efforts designed to bring many new enterprises to Dallas after the war, and more recently to the start of a program of postwar planning for existing industries to aid in orderly reconversion when the war ends.

Numerous contacts with executives of national concerns indicate that many such manufacturers expect to decentralize their production and distribution facilities when they reconvert to peacetime operations after the war. This reconversion will take the forms of branch plants or distributing branches, each located to serve a well-defined regional market. Such firms have been furnished detailed infor-

(Continued on Page 22)

Foreign Trade

THIS year, 1943, has without question been the busiest ever experienced by the Foreign Trade Department of the Dallas Chamber of Commerce.

Many new buyers have come to the Dallas market for the first time partly due to the war and the utter lack of sources of supply. With the influx of all these new foreign buyers plus the more frequent trips of all the people from Mexico who have regularly come to Dallas to buy merchandise, sales have increased far beyond anything we have ever before experienced. Also many domestic buyers from New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, St. Louis and Los Angeles have contacted us with the view of ascertaining sources of supply in Mexico, Central America and South America. All these buyers have without exception come to Dallas expecting to buy anything and everything they desired.

Add to the above factors the constant stream of governmental changes in the rules and regulations on exports and imports and the constant study required to keep abreast with such changes, one may readily appreciate the activity required to handle satisfactorily correspondence and buyers visiting the market.

In spite of all this and the scarcity of merchandise, the records of the Foreign Trade Department show that foreign buy-

(Continued on Page 32)

Manufacturers and Wholesalers

THIS department assisted the transportation facilities and the Citizens Traffic Committee in having the Dallas manufacturers stagger their hours to relieve congestion of public transportation during the rush hours.

It sponsored five market seasons with the following dates: January 18 through 29; March 23, 24, 25; May 31, June 1, 2, 3; July 19 through August 6; October 11 through 22.

During the market seasons, the manufacturers, who are in a position to sell more merchandise than they can manufacture, were advised and assisted by this organization in allotting their merchandise to their past customers on the dollar and cents volume of past annual purchases.

It also cooperated with the Office of Defense Transportation, the hotels and the Eighth Service Command by advertising to the retailers in the forty-eight states not to visit the Dallas Market on week-ends, but to visit in the middle of the week.

It had four meetings with the American Fashion Association, and advertised jointly with them on our market seasons, sending out 80,000 pieces of literature on the Dallas Market.

The Dallas Fashion and Sportswear Center. in cooperation with the Fairchild Publications, took a twelve-month contract for a section on Dallas each month in their publication, which is distributed

(Continued on Page 24)



Approximately 1,400 families were enabled to rent apartments or residences through the Chamber's War Housing Bureau, which was opened February 1 and continued nearly three months until the National Housing Administration opened the War Housing Center at 728 North St. Paul street. This service to new-comers, mainly service men or new employees of war industries, was handled by a Committee of which Holmes Green was chairman, with Z. E. Black of the Chamber staff in charge of the Bureau.

Retail Merchants

THE Retail Merchants Division of the Chamber of Commerce for the year 1943 has had a very active and progressive program. The Dallas retail business for this year has shown a substantial increase over 1942, and 1942 was one of the greatest in our business history. The fact that employment has been steadily increasing, extending the buying power of hundreds of people heretofore unemployed, has been a contributing factor to the merchants' prosperity this past year.

A few of the principal activities of the Retail Division during 1943 are listed as

Inauguration of evening classes in various phases of retail merchandising for the benefit of retail store employees. These classes give the employees an opportunity to prepare themselves for advancement within their organization, and also provides better service to the public.

Cooperation of the Dallas Public Schools made possible the conducting of a "Retail Apprentice Program" at Technical High School.

The Retail Merchants have sponsored an Employees Replacement Program, in which some 500 women have been given training in basic retail selling principles. These classes have been held in the Dallas Power & Light Auditorium, and upon graduation of each class the names of the different graduates are mailed to our retail members, thus giving them an opportunity to select replacement workers to fill vacated positions due to employees going into the service or into defense work.

Maintenance of the Returned Goods Bureau to continue its educational work among consumers, with the object in mind of lowering the economic losses due to returned merchandise, thereby lowering the ultimate cost of the merchandise to the consumer.

Close cooperation with the City Traffic Commission and the Police Department on downtown traffic conditions, which affect the merchants and shoppers alike.

The Retail Merchants Association has worked very closely with the War Transportation Committee of the City of Dallas, their secretary being a member of this Committee. The public transportation problem in Dallas has been a very important one to be solved, owing to the curtailments placed on the use of private automobiles by the government. To assist our Dallas transportation system in spreading their loads during the peak

period, our retail stores are now opening at 9:30 a.m. instead of 9:00, and closing at 6:00 p.m., instead of 5:30. There is no question but that these hours will have to be changed still further as this problem becomes more acute.

The Retail Merchants Association has been working in close cooperation with the Better Business Bureau in keeping business and advertising on a high plane, thus promoting the retail market.

Our Association has worked hand in hand with the different Government agencies, such as O.P.A., W.P.B. and O.D.T. in carrying out the restrictions issued by our Government affecting the retail business, owing to war conditions that now prevail in our country.

(Continued on Page 36)

Conventions-Visitors

A NEW high in the number of conventions, war conferences and similar events was reached by Dallas the past year with 1,255, as compared with 1,000 in 1942. Approximately 220,000 visitors attended these gatherings. Expenditures in Dallas by these delegates, using the nationally recognized basis of computation, totals \$6,600,000.

Comprising this total were some 500 conventions, 430 sales conventions and 325 larger gatherings called by the Eighth Service Command, OPA, ODT, WPB and the various other governmental agencies, many of which have regional headquarters here. Practically all of the conventions could be styled "war conferences," as their programs were chiefly concerned with the study of methods by which that particular business or trade group could best serve in the war endeavor. Some state trade organizations were called together here several times during the year. With many national organizations suspending their conventions the past year because of transportation conditions, those of a trade nature have largely served their members through regional gatherings, and centrally located Dallas has been the site of a large number of such Southwestern gatherings.

Conventions in Dallas have invariably adhered to the request of the ODT that crowded week ends be avoided, that programs be tailored to advance the war effort, that the duration of conventions be shortened, that entertainment be cut to the lowest minimum, and that efforts be confined to securing a representative rather than a large attendance.

(Continued on Page 32)

Washington Office

THE business interests of a growing city like Dallas are so diversified that the problem of representing them in Washington is rather complex and not easily put down on paper, but at least a few major items may be enumerated.

Perhaps the three most comprehensive matters in which Dallas has been interested this year, from the Washington point of view, are (1) the continuing fight to protect the community property rights of Texas, (2) the effort to promote the fulfillment of the comprehensive Trinity River program, and (3) the confusing manpower problem. The first two of these might be termed perennial, in that they represent important programs not immediately related to the war, and the third is strictly concomitant with the war and inseparably identified with the war program.

Mailing L

MRS. OLG

(1) COMMUNITY PROPERTY

At this writing we have been successful in preserving the community property system through another year. We are now involved in the second tax bill to be considered by the Congress in 1943, and as this is written the House Ways and Means Committee is preparing its bill for submission to the House floor. Early in September, despite the Treasury's announced intention to make another attack upon community property, the Ways and Means Committee voted to hold no hearings on this question during consideration of the tax bill. Two political factors contributed to this decision, one being the realization that a tax bill could not be enacted promptly if controversial issues were injected into the debate, and the other being a recognition of the fact that such controversial issues would engender political bitterness and intra-party strife at a time when an election year was just around the corner. Consequently, the Way and Means Committee has taken no action detrimental to community property. What will happen when the tax bill gets to the Finance Committee of the Senate remains to be seen, but we are hopeful that the attitude of the House Committee will be reflected in the Senate Committee's approach to this problem.

Earlier in the year, before the Congressional recess, the tax bill which was enacted confined itself to the withholding principle, and the only responsibility resting upon defenders of the commu-

(Continued on Page 26)

Members of Chamber of Commerce Staff



m nd at

rn ig ty

n-

ıe

st l, o-

e ll

n

e

r-

e e e

e ;l.

y

n

s i- it o il e

623

MRS. RUBY ALLEN Mailing Department



MRS. CONSTANCE BARTLETT Industrial Dept.



Z. E. BLACK Manager Convention Dept.



BOB BOURDENE Manager Manufacturers and Wholesalers Dept.



MRS. VELMA BOSWELL Cashier



J. BEN CRITZ Vice-President and General Manager



R. C. DOLBIN Manager Retail Dept.



E. F. FLOYD Advertising Manager "Dallas"



MRS. PAULINE FOSTER
Assistant Cashier



SAM GOODSTEIN Manager Transportation Department



M. E. HANNON Manager Public Relations and Membership Service



MRS. ETHEL KLEINMAN Secretary to Mr. Critz



MRS. OLGA LEACH



MISS JAY LITTLE Highway and Information



MRS. MARGARET MANN Manager Mailing Dept.



MISS ROSA LEE McCARTER Manufacturers and Wholesalers



DALE MILLER
Washington Representative



T. W. POND Transportation Dept.



MRS. JUANITA REID PBX Board Operator



CLYDE V. WALLIS Manager Industrial Dept.



MRS. EVA WILLIAMS Public Relations and Membership Service



MISS FRANCES E. WHITE Retail and Convention Departments



During June alone, 2,000 workers for farms in Dallas County were secured from the City of Dallas through the efforts of the Chamber of Commerce Farm Labor Committee working in conjunction with County Agricultural Agent A. B. Jalley. This mobilizing of city men and boys and even women to help save the food and feed crops was highly successful and attracted favorable comment over the entire Southwest and was emulated by other sections. R. G. Soper was chairman of the Chamber's committee, with Z. E. Black of the Chamber's staff serving as secretary.

Transportation

DURING the year 1943 this department answered 6,809 phone calls; quoted rates by mail, 2,703; by direct telephone, 4,898. It was also necessary in order to keep the tools of our trade up to date to file 20,459 tariffs and supplements. We furnished routings where requested, also letters forwarded from this office numbered 28,113. Information other than rates furnished over the phone amounted to 874. During the year there were 845 visitors in this office requesting direct some form of traffic and transportation information; furnished notary public service to 146.

In order that Dallas industries might keep in touch with changes in rates, rules and regulations, individual interests received from this office 8,551 letters. It took 7,827 letters to advise them what final action was taken by carriers. The last named letters affected rail lines and other highway transportation agencies.

In order that new industries located in Dallas may know the service we can render them, individual letters were sent to each of them regarding the activities of this department and requesting that they call upon us whenever their needs called for same.

Radical changes have taken place in the (Continued on Page 28)

Information-Travel

NDER the impact of war conditions, this has been the busiest year in the experience of this department. While travel inquiries have of course been below normal, there seems to be a greater interest in Dallas and Texas than ever before, judging by the increase in mail inquiries. Also the record number of newcomers and service men visitors in Dallas has established a new high in the number of people served either over the telephone or visiting the department with their questions. More than 20,000 inquiries by mail or telephone or personal visits have been answered.

This department was the headquarters for the War Housing Bureau for three months early in the year. It also is one of the distribution centers for gasoline rationing application forms.

Financial-General

IN THE present day, what manufacturing or commercial institution of any consequence (large or small) does not have a scientific set of books? If it is good for business why not for the Chamber of Commerce which serves and advises? An organization will be sought after more for counsel, advice and suggestions when the character and reputation of the chamber

is sustained through scientific financial control.

Necessarily all the receipts and disbursements for the Chamber of Commerce have cleared through the Financial Department. An approved itemized budget was set up for 1943 and this department has allocated the expenditures accordingly. Since budgetary control we have lived within our income, have paid off all our indebtedness (we owe no bills and discount all our invoices), have made investments in War Bonds and will have cash in the bank at the end of the year. This gives the chamber an excellent record in the community as a business organization.

(Continued on Page 30)

Membership and Public Relations Department

DUE to the continued unsettled condition of both small and large business—because of the international situation—the Membership Department has endeavored specifically throughout the year to retain the membership of all concerns and individuals remaining in their respective businesses, and at the same time secure new and additional memberships to reconcile the loss sustained by many small concerns and individuals who have resigned to enter the field of defense workers or go into the service of our armed forces.

More than 3,600 calls have been made to date on concerns and individuals in behalf of membership, or under the heading of public relations, for the purpose of retaining memberships, securing a new membership, or rendering a service to some concern or individual, as a benefit to them through their membership in the Chamber of Commerce.

While during the past year numerous cancellations of membership have been received from small firms and individuals, at the same time sufficient new memberships have been secured by this department to offset that loss, and the revenue from the new memberships secured has in part covered some of the loss sustained by some concerns' reduction in membership, and what is considered uncollectible membership accounts.

During the early part of 1943, a membership campaign was conducted which yielded 58 new single memberships, and six new budget memberships. The manager of this department worked with sev-

(Continued on Page 22)

ncial

discomncial ized ized ized we paid bills nade

rec-

led irge onal

ent out of ing the nal susand ter nto ade being reew to

efit

en idmdeeved in

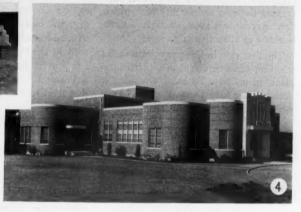
ch nd n-

21

43













NEW, MODERN INDUSTRIAL PLANTS

DALLAS . DECEMBER, 1943

Master Plan for City of 670,000 by 1970

THERE are many reasons for the renewed activity in city planning in Dallas. Among other reasons are the following: preparation of a post-war employment program for Dallas' returning soldiers, the correction of undesirable features of the present city, laying the groundwork for the future city, and especially the education of the citizens concerning the ease and facility with which they may build a great, comfortable, desirable and attractive city.

The first step in this program was the selection of some one man to direct the planning activity. To help in making a decision, the City Council sent a representative group on a tour of selected cities to examine various phases of city planning and report on their findings. Major J. Woodall Rodgers led this group to Kansas City, St. Louis, Louisville and Memphis. These cities were being built in accordance with carefully prepared city plans. The result of this tour was the employment of Harland Bartholomew and Associates to prepare a comprehensive city plan for Dallas.

Mr. Bartholomew came to Dallas in June and after an inspection of the city and conferences with various groups proposed a city planning program to be made up of the following fifteen preliminary reports: (1) character of the city, (2) scope of the plan, (3) population, (4) major street plan, (5) local transit facilities, (6) transportation, (7) park, playground, recreation and school facilities, (8) land use, (9) zoning, (10) housing, (11) public buildings and publicly owned lands, (12) the city's appearance, (13) administrative policy and practice, (14) capital expenditure program and (15) comprehensive city plan. A schedule was also prepared and each preliminary report was given a date for completion. All reports are to be completed by January 1945.

It was also agreed that all reports prepared by Mr. Bartholomew should be submitted to the Dallas City Plan Commission for study, discussion and approval before transmittal to the Council or to the public. This proceeding was entirely logical and proper because the function of this official board is to advise and make recommendations to the Council on all matters related to city planning.

Work began immediately and in Sep-

By E. A. Wood
Dallas City Plan Engineer

tember the City Plan Commission approved the first two reports—Character of the City and Scope of the City Plan. After approval the two reports were released to the newspapers and copies sent to the Council. One hundred mimeographed copies were printed complete with tables and reproductions of all maps used in the study. However, experience has proved that one hundred copies are not enough to satisfy public interest and that it will be necessary to print several thousand copies of each report to satisfy the public demand.

Recently Mayor Rodgers has appointed a committee of one hundred citizens to be responsible for the carrying out of the plan and furnish the continuing interest which might be lacking in any future city administration. This committee has held its first meeting and instead of one hundred members, there were approximately three hundred men and women present. Officers elected were Nathan Adams, Chairman; R. L. Thornton, Vice-Chairman, and Alex Weisberg, Secretary.

In the first report Mr. Bartholomew traced the growth of Dallas and analyzed the various factors that have caused this growth. Comparisons were made between Dallas and eight other cities - Tulsa, Houston, Rochester, Louisville, Portland, Columbus, Toledo and Memphis. After an analysis of general business conditions, Mr. Bartholomew says, "The wholesale sales per capita in Dallas are very high, being three times as high as Tulsa, fifteen times as high as Houston and only approached by Portland and Memphis. The statistics on wholesale trade show conclusively that Dallas is a far more important city from this standpoint than any of the other cities included in this study."

Report number two, Scope of the City Plan, discussed City Planning in the United States with emphasis on the earlier planning done in Dallas under various consultants, on all phases such as parks, schools, sanitary sewers, storm sewers, water supply, flood prevention, railroad grade crossing elimination and street improvements.

Because of the necessity for information on the location of future airports in Dallas County, Mr. Bartholomew was requested to make a report on this phase of the city plan as soon as possible. A preliminary report on airports was consequently filed with the City Plan Commission in September and transmitted to the Council. This report recommended twenty-one air ports for Dallas of the following types: one super-airport, one major airport, one secondary airport for military use, ten minor airports with provision for expanding at least two of these into secondary airports, and eight helicopter landing fields.

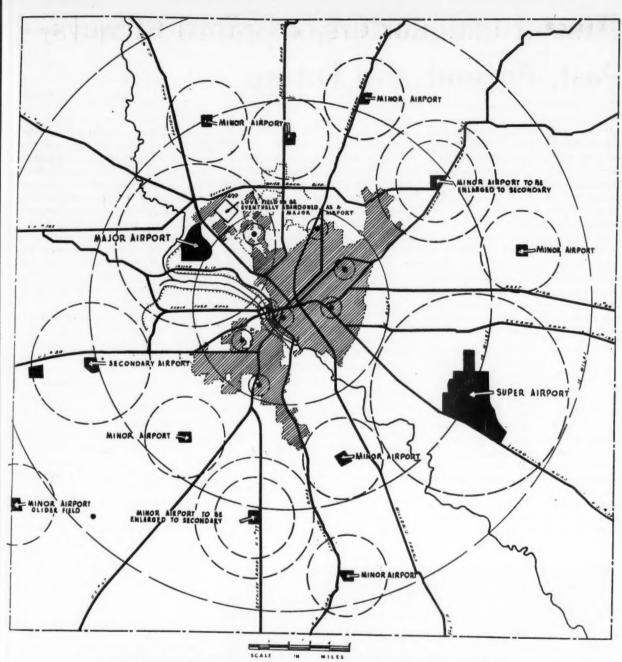
Because of the fact that an airplane may sometimes not land immediately upon arrival at a port, it is necessary to provide an area around each airport to permit the plane to cruise around the port until it receives the signal to land. This cruising area must be free from interference from other planes and its radius depends upon the size of the plane. The super-airport cruising radius is five miles, major airport radius is four miles, secondary airport three miles, and minor airport two miles. Consequently the problem of airport location becomes a problem of fitting circles of various radii together so that although each may touch, none may overlap. This situation illustrates the necessity for planning the location of airports in advance of acquisition. It also illustrates the necessity of having a central committee or authority to license airport locations in order to prevent confusion and maintain a high degree of safety for the landing and take-off of planes.

Mr. Bartholomew recommended two locations for a super-airport. To select the best of the two and to give consideration to economic factors, Messrs. Rollins and Forrest, consulting engineers, were employed to prepare estimates of cost of the development of both ports. Selection of the super-airport site will be made after the receipt of this report.

Report number three on population has been received and approved by the City Plan Commission. This report prognosticates a population of 670,000 for Dallas by 1970 and states, "This is the population for which schools, streets, parks, water supply, sewerage and other essential public facilities and services

(Continued on Page 36)

the City



COMPREHENSIVE AIRPORT PLAN FOR DALLAS

The above sketch, prepared by Harland Bartholomew & Associates of St. Louis, City Planning Consultants, dated September, 1943, and submitted to the City Plan Commission of Dallas, is the "Alternate B Plan," with the super-airport located in the vicinity of Lake June, about 12 miles southeast of Dallas. This is the site that has been recommended to the City Council by Rollins & Forrest, consulting engineers, employed for the survey.

Runways	SUPER	MAJOR	SECONDARY	MINOR
	10,000*	5,000	4,000	2,500
Distance End of Runway to Field Boundary	1,000	750	500	250
Glide Angle	50-1	40-1	40-1	20-1
Area: Approximate Area in Acres	4,500	1,000	600	210

^{*}Provision for expansion to 15,000 for NS, SE and NW.

nain

rease reseiisthe enjor iliroese eli-

to to the

inits

es, or obtoch,

n. ng se

of of

ans

re of

n

de

on he g. or he is, er es

63

NOTE: Round black dot surrounded by circle, in center circle, on above map indicates helicopter fields.

Dallas Headquarters of Braniff Airways— Past, Present and Future

A PARTNER in the development of Dallas since 1935, Braniff Airways today is midway through its sixteenth year of service to the air travelers of America. Now fifth largest domestic air carrier in terms of revenue passenger miles flown, the nine-million dollar organization headquartered at Love Field shows marked contrast to the one-plane three-employee operation of 1928.

Events that transpired during 1943 are indicative of the company's steady year-by-year growth, and mirror the spirit of progress that will enable Dallas and Braniff Airways to share fully in the coming air transport expansion.

New Routes: Passenger, mail and express service between Amarillo and Denver via Pueblo and Colorado Springs was inaugurated during August, 1943, providing Dallas with through schedules to the Rocky Mountain region and connections to the West Coast and the Pacific Northwest. On September 1, 1943, the route to San Antonio was extended to Laredo creating a second Braniff gateway to Mexico and Latin America by connections with the Pan American Airways subsidiary, Compania Mexicana de Aviacion. These extensions increased the Braniff route mileage to 3,108.

War Effort: Braniff's contribution to successful prosecution of the war, substantial in 1942, was increased in every respect during the past year. Operating under contract to the Army Air Forces, Braniff crews moved tons of vital war cargo to army bases in foreign lands. Programs for the training of army aircraft mechanics, radio operators and mechanics and transport pilots were stepped up, and experienced Braniff personnel passed on the lore of their crafts to increased numbers of khaki-clad young men. Day and night, the organization has stood ready to perform specialized missions as commanded for the armed forces. In addition, over the domestic routes of Braniff unprecedented loads of passenger. mail and express important to the war effort have been carried on a priority "must-go" basis.

Personnel: To meet the demands of constant expansion, more than 1150 men and women are now employed by Braniff Airways, staffing the maintenance, operations, traffic and office forces that keep Super-B-Liners flying 24 hours a day. Seven hundred of these folks, with their families, reside in Dallas.

Financing: Matching the substantial increase in personnel, stockholders of the

company voted in August to increase the capital stock of Braniff Airways from 400,000 to 1,500,000 shares of \$2.50 par value. Of this additional amount 400,000 shares were immediately sold, and approximately \$4,500,000 was added to the airline's capital earmarked for expansion expenditures. During the year both a stock dividend and the first cash dividend in the history of the company were paid to stockholders. Stock of the company was approved for listing by the New York Stock Exchange, and trading began November 1, 1943.

These are the tangible gains of Braniff Airways during 1943. They were made during a period in which the country as a whole came to full realization of the importance of a sound air transport system flying internationally under the United States flag and serving all of the nation's population here at home.

Cutting through the clouds of conjecture that color and distort discussions of the air future, Braniff Airways believes that the air service pattern of tomorrow logically separates itself into four divisions:

International Airline Service, operating between the United States and principal nations of the world.

Ap

certifi

autho

gories

Dalla

are o

Board

tion.

Sin

with a

Amer

Brow

urgen

Ameri

South

would

for se

page 1

a one

Canal

princi

Amer

Marac

Major Airline Service, connecting the metropolitan centers of the United States by means of non-stop or few-stop schedules over what have been designated as "trunk-line" routes.

Local Airline Service, operating over trunk-line routes and in the area generally served by such routes to provide air transportation to the many medium-size intermediate cities along those routes already designated or which will be granted in the future.

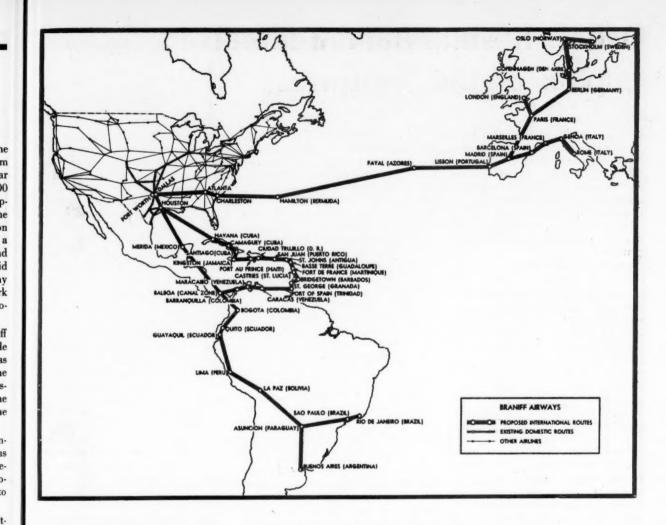
Trade Area Airline Service, providing air transportation to the many small communities in the trade areas of centers served by major or local routes.

Dallas, strategically located in the center of a great agricultural and industrial empire, and already possessing a coveted position on one of the principal air crossroads of the nation, is in position to built a solid future if its air services are developed in accordance with orderly, progressive plans.



Braniff's Love Field base is a scene of activity twenty-four hours a day as mechanics service the company airliners for their night and day flights over the routes. Army transport planes are also overhauled regularly at the base. The view above shows a portion of the line's maintenance hangar at Love Field.

DALLAS . DECEMBER, 1943



Applications of Braniff Airways for certificates of convenience and necessity authorizing air service in the four categories listed above, designed to provide Dallas with a maximum development, are on file with the Civil Aeronautics Board, or are in the process of preparation.

INTERNATIONAL AIR SERVICE

Since Texans are already provided with air service to Mexico and Central America by means of connections at Brownsville and Laredo, Dallas most urgently needs express service to Central America, the Caribbean Islands and South America. This Braniff Airways would provide through the application for service to Latin America shown on page 15. The proposed route proceeds on a one-stop basis from Houston to the Canal Zone, branching there to serve the principal oil production areas of South America at Barranquilla, Colombia; Maracaibo and Caracas, Venezuela; and

Port of Spain, Trinidad on one leg, and extending south to Bogota, Colombia; Quito and Guayaquil, Ecuador; Lima, Peru; La Paz, Bolivia; and to Asuncion, Paraguay on another, At Asuncion the route again divides, one leg going east to Sao Paulo and Rio de Janeiro, the other continuing south to Buenos Aires.

Also included is a route from Houston southeast across the Gulf to Havana and to Port of Spain, Trinidad, serving enroute Camaguey and Santiago, Cuba; Kingston, Jamaica; Port au Prince, Haiti; Cuidad Trujillo, D. R.; San Juan, Puerto Rico; St. Johns, Antigua; Basse Terre, Guadalupe; Fort de France, Martinique; Bridgetown, Barbados and St. George, Granada.

This application would make Texas a major gateway to Latin America. Because of the convenience of existing transportation facilities and new domestic air routes applied for by Braniff Airways, Dallas would serve as a gathering point for southbound travelers from the vast

section of the United States which lies between the Alleghenies and the Rockies.

Also definitely needed in the future commercial life of Dallas is a southern trans-Atlantic route to Europe. Such a route Braniff proposes to originate at the co-terminals Dallas-Ft. Worth, proceeding east to Atlanta, Georgia; Charleston, South Carolina; Hamilton, Bermuda; Fayal, Azores; Lisbon, Portugal, and Madrid, Spain. As the map on page 15 indicates, at the junction point Madrid the route divides, one leg extending east to Barcelona, Marseille, Genoa and Rome, while the other leg extends north to Paris and London and to Berlin, Copenhagen, Oslo and Stockholm. This application would truly make Dallas an international air center.

With equipment of the type that will be available after the war, these international routes will bring Havana within five hours of Dallas. Barranquila will be less than 10 hours away, and what was (Continued on Page 34)

Dallas, Business and Federal Capital of the Southwest

THE best current information available indicates that the War Production Program in Dallas County has had the effect of tripling the county's industrial payroll since 1940. This has been accomplished through the establishment of a number of major war industries and by the expansion of existing industries, in many instances to several times their prewar size.

Postwar plans for Dallas County, now being carefully formulated, have as their objective the retention of this enormous increase in factory payrolls and the reestablishment of the industry of the county on a permanent peacetime basis insuring steady normal growth after the war. Before war conditions upset normal trends Dallas, long the outstanding distributing center of the Southwest, was gradually becoming a regional manufacturing center serving Texas and adjacent states. Under prewar conditions industrial expansion in the county was steady but slow. War conditions and the necessity for the utilization of all available facilities for war production greatly speeded up the county's industrial growth, but that rapid expansion of industry has by no means given the county an excess of manufacturing capacity.

Before the war the Southwest produced less than 20 per cent of the manufactured goods it consumed. All of Dallas County's war production capacity can be converted to the manufacture of peacetime goods for this market and still be far short of the capacity needed to supply the manufactured goods consumed in an area readily accessible from Dallas.

Postwar industrial plans call for the conversion of war industries, insofar as is possible, to peacetime products; the establishment of many new locally owned manufacturing plants, largely through the conversion of wholesale houses into units manufacturing the goods they have been purchasing from other manufacturers; and the establishment in Dallas of many branch plants of national concerns.

Dallas County has been exceedingly fortunate in the war industries it has secured. Without exception these industries will be able to continue operating on peacetime products with a minimum or

change over necessary both in products and in equipment. The county's leading war industries are engaged in the manufacture of aircraft and airplane parts and equipment. It is generally conceded that the aircraft industry will be the field of greatest industrial expansion after the war in comparison with prewar conditions. It is not expected, however, that all of the wartime capacity of the aircraft industry will be needed to supply peacetime markets. Modern aircraft plants, however, because of their design and equipment, are readily and economically converted to the manufacture of a great many other products. It is therefore reasonable to expect that any aircraft plant capacity in Dallas County that is not utilized for the manufacture of airplanes and airplane equipment after the war can and will be quickly converted to other peacetime products.

Local Industries Expand

Many local industries, because they were successful in getting war contracts, have expanded, in some instances to many times their prewar size. Most of these industries are now engaged in postwar planning that calls for full utilization of their increased capacity in the production of their prewar products, and the manufacture of new and improved products now being designed and tested. Some of Dallas County's war industries were established by local wholesalers or distributors who before the war had never engaged in manufacturing. In every instance, as far as the information is available, these industries will continue to operate after the war making peacetime products on which volume business has already been built up.

Another logical source of postwar industrial expansion in Dallas County is the conversion of wholesale houses and distributing branches of national concerns in Dallas to manufacturing operations, producing here the goods they have in the past shipped in from distant plants at high freight and warehousing costs.

It is known that many big national concerns, when they reconvert their manufacturing facilities to peacetime production, expect to decentralize their manufacturing through the establishment of regional branch plants. Each of these plants will be located to serve a well-defined major regional market, and Dallas possesses all the essentials for successful manufacturing and distribution to Texas, Oklahoma, Arkansas, Louisiana and New Mexico.

Regional branch plants usually result in lower production and distribution costs, closer contact with markets, greatly increased sales volume, larger net profits. But more important, they are the best known safeguard against production stoppages due to labor disputes. With postwar labor conditions wholly unpredictable, few executives of national concerns feel they can afford not to take every possible precaution. The necessity for reconversion will give them an unparalleled opportunity to redistribute their productive capacity at minimum cost and with no dislocation of production schedules as would happen if such redistribution were attempted under normal conditions with plants operating on peacetime schedules.

Dallas Offers Advantages

Dallas County has much to offer national concerns seeking locations in this area for regional branch plants.

many

area

alum

ous o

have

facili

energ

indus

is giv

natio

dustr

find i

ties th

tensio

sions,

establ

porta

the ne

areas

new i

lished

nore

west.

DALL

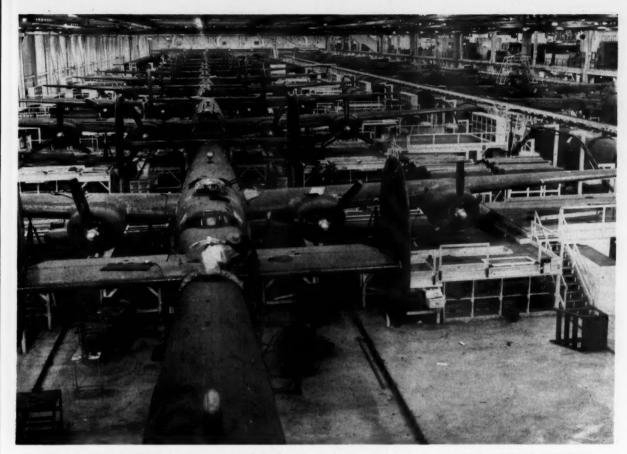
In

Th

War industries in the county have trained some sixty thousand men and women, most of them wholly new to industry. Already these workers have established outstanding production records. All the larger plants have won the Army and Navy E in record or near record time. Labor has proven itself intelligent, loyal, eager to learn, easily trained, highly productive. At equal wages, unit costs in Dallas war industries are far below national averages. No disputes have marred delivery schedules. Many plants are open shop. All labor has been immune to radical influences.

Population growth throughout the Dallas area has been phenominal as have been increases in buying power and sales volume. Most of these gains are expected to be permanent. Discovery and development of natural resources to meet wartime needs have produced important new sources or raw material for industry.

16



DALLAS-MADE BOMBERS... Final assembly line for giant B-24 Liberator heavy bombers, built by the Texas Division of North American Aviation, Inc., is shown in this photograph. The Texas Division also manufacures P-51 Mustang fighters and Texan combat trainers.

many of which have never existed in this area before, including iron and steel, aluminum, magnesium, tin, and numerous chemicals. Demands of war plants have caused the expansion of power facilities, providing large new sources of energy for postwar industries, at rates that compare favorably with any other industrial section.

ul

lt

st n h en-

n

The new city plan, now being prepared, is giving particular attention to the designation of certain outlying districts as industrial areas, where large industries will find immediately available all the facilities they require in a plant location. Extension of utility systems, street extensions, and street widening plans, and the establishment of expanded public transportation services will all keep in mind the necessity for large outlying industrial areas throughout Dallas County where

new industries may locate.

In distribution facilities and established service, Dallas can offer industry more than any other city in the Southwest. Long the leading distributing center

in the Nation, the huge tonnage produced daily by Dallas' industries and distributors has the practical effect of fixing the schedules of transportation agencies servin this area, and twelfth most important in the Nation, the huge tonnage produced daily by Dallas' industries and distributors has the practical effect of fixing the schedules of transportation agencies serving this region. Both freight and passenger schedules are based on Dallas, departure time after the close of the business day being fixed to give the greatest possible overnight coverage. Highly developed distribution services and central location give Dallas an advantage in speed of delivery ranging from twelve to eighteen hours faster than cities less centrally located or with smaller volume on which to build schedules and service.

Postwar plans call for taking full advantage of changing conditions in industry, to the end that Dallas may shortly become the center of manufacturing for the Southwest as it long has been the supply center.

Publication Praised

Praise for a brochure issued by the Industrial Department has been received by General Manager Ben Critz of the Dallas Chamber in a letter from Oscar Monrad, executive vice president of the New Haven, Conn., Chamber of Commerce, excerpts from which follow:

"Your publication, The Dallas Southwest, was received on Friday. I took it home over the weekend to give it quite thorough study and analysis. You certainly can be proud and pleased with this publication. I am sure it will be of great value and assistance in the industrial development work in your area. It is one of the best compilations of city and area information that I have had the pleasure of viewing. I very much appreciate your thoughtfulness in permitting me to have a copy.

"When and if we get out anything that will be of interest, I will see that you are on our mailing list. We have added your name to our Industrial Folder list."

Eighth Service Command's First Anniversary in Dallas

HEADQUARTERS Eighth Service Command came to Dallas one year

Since December 1, 1942, the biggest business in the world, that of the Army Service Forces, has been carried on in five states of the Southwest from Major General Richard Donovan's headquarters in the Santa Fe Building.

The installation has seen many changes—in organization, in personnel and in the addition of new responsibilities—since it left Fort Sam Houston where it had existed for 30 years under the names of the Southern Department, Eighth Corps Area and Eighth Service Command.

From the 19 floors of one of Dallas' largest office buildings are administered Army Service Forces activities in Texas, Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma and New Mexico. There the directors of divisions and the chiefs of branches supervise and coordinate the supply and service work of the Army as it exists at every post, camp and station in the five states. Problems of Ordnance, Quartermaster, Engineers, Transportation, Medical, Chemical Warfare, Judge Advocate, Finance, Personnel, Army Exchanges, Internal Security, Public Relations, WAC, Chaplains and other branches are dealt with.

Since the staff cars and the jeeps began parking on Commerce Street and a miniature Army post went up at Young and Austin Streets to house the Headquarters Detachment of enlisted men, the Army has had its impact upon the community life of Dallas.

Officers and men and their wives and families have become part of the community, as the city extended its welcome. Of those established here temporarily, many will become permanent citizens. They are busy in our churches, in our civic clubs and societies, and they have supported all community movements.

The Headquarters, military and civilian personnel, contributed substantially to the War Chest in the recent campaign. and invested, in addition to payroll deductions, the sum of \$232,707.75 in War Bonds which went to swell the Dallas County purchases.

Personnel of the Headquarters has



MAJOR GENERAL RICHARD DONOVAN

given loyal support to such projects as the Starlight Operettas, the lecture courses and the educational work of clubs and federations, and to all the varied activities which make up Dallas' community life.

Officers' wives have been busy in war work, both volunteer and in industry. They have joined hands with Dallas women whose men are far from home, in other cities of the nation and in far countries, to hasten the day when all families can be reunited.

The presence of the Army has been felt in many ways. Dallas store windows display Army clothing, Dallas hotels have been hosts to thousands of Army travelers here for temporary duty with the headquarters, and restaurants have extended themselves to meet the demands placed upon them.

All this increase in activity in the city has not been due alone to military personnel. Many civilian employes of the headquarters came here when the offices moved, and hundreds of clerical workers were hired here.

City housing authorities have labored to provide homes for these workers as well as for the Army officers and their families. Dallas has come to know the Army better than it did a year ago. Its contact has been personal, as well as in many business ways. Scarcely a family, and hardly a business organization, has gone untouched by friendships or dealings with the individual Army man.

Office builthou

the 1

Pieral

tory

char

thos

were

Atw

Will

Beve

Edw

Ston

Barr

McN

Will

Hulcy

and I

or so

with 1

DALL

Re

P

T

Ci

A

In

The city has listened to the headquarters' radio program, "What's Your Name, Soldier?" on Saturday nights, and many have visited the studios of WFAA to see how the broadcast, which has gained national recognition, is done. The Headquarters Band has marched on our streets. Officers have spoken of Army affairs on many occasions and before many groups. Many hundreds of Dallasites became better acquainted with the things the Army Service Forces do for the soldier when they attended the Army exhibit in the Titche-Goettinger auditorium in October.

For the Eighth Service Command is the operating agency of the Army Service Forces, and within it are the agencies which make or procure the Army's supplies, pay its bills, keep its books, employ its civilians, induct its soldiers, design its weapons, transport its troops and supplies, build and operate its camps and their utilities, handle its communication, nurse its sick and wounded, bake its bread and issue its food and clothing, make its maps, guard its prisoners, and operate its courts.

Those who have had Army business in the Southwest have come to Dallas during the last year. Latest big gathering of Army men was November 19, when the headquarters and the city were hosts to repairs and utilities officers from all over the country assesbled at the Baker Hotel for a three-day utilities conference.

Among the War Department officials who have visited this city are Major General Myron C. Cramer, Judge Advocate General of the Army; Major General Norman T. Kirk, Surgeon General of the Army; Major General William N. Porter chief of the Chemical Warfare Service and Major General Irving J. Phillipson, head of Army Emergency Relief.

Within the Headquarters there have been many changes in personnel through promotions, transfers and retirements.

18

Officers have gone out from the Santa Fe building to far off battlefields, just as thousands of soldiers trained in the posts and camps of the five states have left in the past months for Ports of Embarkation and landings on distant beaches.

Placing on inactive duty status of several officers who had passed the statuetory age for retirement resulted in several changes in the chiefs of branches. Among those divisions and branches affected were:

Inspector General — Colonel Roy S. Atwood succeeding Colonel Arthur E. Wilbourn.

Armp Specialized Training—Colonel Beverly H. Coiner succeeding Colonel Edward A. Keyes.

Transportation—Lt. Col. Raymond C. Stone succeeding Colonel Robert Cray.

Civilian Personnel—Lt. Col. Norman B. Gussett succeeding Lt. Col. Frank Barr.

Public Relations — Lt. Col. Roy A. McMillan succeeding Colonel Royden Williamson.

Reclassification Center—Colonal Elmer

e

C. Desobry succeeding Colonel Resolve P. Palmer.

Colonel Clarence E. Partridge of the Ordnance Branch has gone to an assignment in Washington and his place has been filled by Colonel Lemuel C. Crim.

Few members of the Women's Army Auxiliary Corps came with the Service Command to Dallas. With the change over to the Women's Army Corps and the incorporation of the Corps in the Army, personnel stationed in Dallas increased and WACs now are busy in many branches of the Headquarters. Enlisted personnel occupy barracks at Young and Akard Streets. Major Winifred L. Stilwell is WAC director of the Command, having succeeded Captain (now Major) Mary-Agnes Brown, who is on duty in Washington.

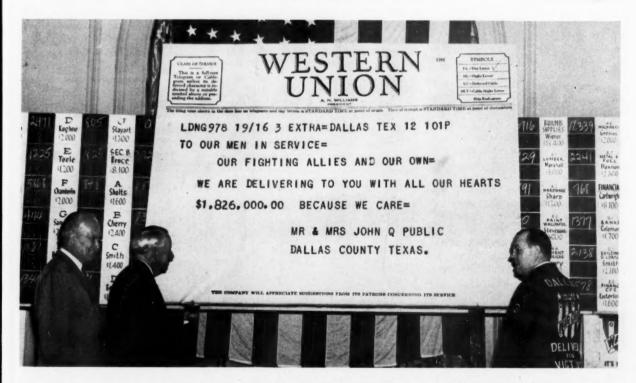
The last year has seen great increases in headquarters responsibilities. More than a score of German and Italian prisoner of war camps have been built in the Southwest and in them are housed more than half the prisons of war in this country. Three additional general hospitals have been constructed and dedi-

cated to the restoration of the sick and wounded, from the battlefields as well as from the camps in this country.

At Camp Bowie a huge rehabilitation camp for American soldiers who have gone wrong and are being given one more chance, has been established under the supervision of General Donovan and Colonel Julien C. Hyer, chief of the Judge Advocate Branch.

Promotions of officers in the last year include those of the chief of staff, Brigadier General C. B. Rucker, who was promoted from colonel. Those who have gained their silver eagles during the year include Colonels O. M. Massey, assistant chief of staff; Walter Jessee, adjutant general; Joe J. Miller and Paul G. Bell, Internal Security; Harold W. Keller, Repairs and Utilities, and Walter Bauer, Bradley E. Coley and Franklin G. Ebaugh, all of the Medical Branch.

The Headquarters long ago concluded its organizational phase. It has been hard at work all year with the business of the Army, and as it enters its second year in Dallas, it takes on even broader responsibilties.



By special delivery . . . the grand total of the second War Chest drive, that topped its \$1,500,000 quota by \$326,000! D. A. Hulcy, campaign chairman, in the Western Union uniform, personally delivered the telegram to President J. B. Adoue, Jr., at left, and Nathan Adams, executive council chairman. The Dallas figure shattered records, as it established a new per capita high for southern cities, with an average of \$4.05 for every man, woman and child in Dallas county. A check-up on November 18th, with nearly all national War Chest figures in, showed that the Dallas total of 122 percent tops every other city in the nation with a quota of one million or more.

WASHINGTON

······

By Dale Miller

Representative of the Dallas Chamber of Commerce in the Nation's Capital

Now It Can Be Told

N OW that Dallas' manpower difficulties have been resolved, at least insofar as any such mutable problem can be said to be resolved, a sidelight on the situation from the Washington point of view may be of interest. Chamber of Commerce officials and committees did

THE PERSON NAMED IN

DALE MILLER

such an excellent job in straightening out this labyrinthine puzzle that the whole story is more or less familiar to the people of Dallas, and I need not take the time and space to recapitulate events. But the Washington perspective on this

problem is naturally different from that taken by the people of Dallas, and a brief report on the Washington angle may be in order.

All the while that Dallas committees were exerting every effort to forestall the imposition of Class I restrictions on the city, events of considerable importance were taking place in Washington, and the most important of these events could not be made public. Many conferences with high government officials were held in which I was permitted to participate but which, being off-the-record, I was not permitted to report publicly. Eventually it was found necessary to enlist the interest of the Truman Committee of the Senate, and a sub-committee was sent to Dallas to investigate conditions first-

Business LIFE IN-SURANCE cannot prevent, but will compensate, the loss of a KEY MAN in your business.

Call R-8861!

JOHN A. MONROE, JR.

Chartered Life Underwriter
Representing
GREAT NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

hand. The failure of the War Manpower Commission to act on the findings of this sub-committee caused the whole committee to set the case for open hearing, and meanwhile Charles E. Wilson, vice-chairman of the WPB, flew to Dallas for a further investigation. Mr. Wilson's position supported those taken by the Truman sub-committee and Dallas business leaders, and at the subsequent hearing Chairman McNutt of the WMC agreed to modify Dallas' Class 1 designation.

These facts are well known to the people of Dallas, but what may not be as well known is the manner in which the Dallas situation became a cause celebre here in Washington. Dallas' primary interest in this matter of course lay in avoiding the rigid circumscriptions of a Class 1 labor area; it wanted and deserved a greater elasticity in order that its productive effort might be better utilized in the prosecution of the war. But Washington's interest lay elsewhere. Washington was not so much concerned with Dallas per se, as it was with determining how symptomatic conditions in Dallas were of conditions generally throughout the country. It is significant, for example, that the Truman Committee hearing was only a few minutes old when Mr. McNutt announced his intention to remove Dallas from Class 1, but the hearing really got under way after that as the Truman investigators extended the inquiry into manpower policies generally.

It is an ironical fact that a problem can become so complex and so ramified that the very essence of it is sometimes lost sight of. The essence of the manpower problem should surely lie in the full utilization of the nation's labor resources, but the Truman Committee hearing revealed the remarkable fact that in all the Washington bureaucracy there is no agency charged with the responsibility of seeing to it that labor within a plant is efficiently utilized. It would seem that the WMC should have such power, but apparently it has not, and if it has, it does not exercise it. A simple formula is followed: The War or Navy Department tells a manufacturer how much production it wants, the manufacturer then tells the WMC how much labor it needs for that production, and the WMC then undertakes to supply that labor. Apparently there is no procedure to determine whether the plant needs that much labor, whether it can absorb that much labor if it hires it, or whether it efficiently utilizes the labor it already has before it hires more.

lish

whe

Oak

ditio

the :

high

med

inno

part

Flen

capa

week

the v

thou

fifty

oper

early

Flem

the d

tinue

Walt

the p

in the

As

The War and Navy Departments cannot be blamed for their production goals; they know what they need to win the war. Nor can a manufacturer be unduly criticized if he sets his labor requirements too high; he is naturally anxious to meet the production schedule. But the Government was guilty of a serious omission in its war program when it failed to provide the machinery for a disinterested investigation of the labor requirements of such plants. The absence of such authority has created a serious situation not only in Dallas but in many parts of the country. High-priority manufacturers have in many cases preempted the labor supply, crippling the productive effort of other plants and thus hampering the war effort and weakening the national economy.

That condition is probably the most important disclosure of the Truman Committee's investigation of the Dallas dilemma. What can be done about it is another question. It would be capricious to blame any agency or industry or to magnify any isolated incident or example. Boiled down, it simply reflects the conspicuous absence of any sound and conspicuous absence of any sound and consistent labor policy in the prosecution of this war.



Fifty Years of Papermaking

PLEMING & Sons, Inc., the largest plant in the Southwest manufacturing boxboard and building papers, was established in 1893 by Mr. John G. Fleming when he came to Dallas from Oregon and purchased a small plant on the edge of Oak Cliff. Raised in the papermaking tradition of the progressive Northwest where the industry, even at that time was in a highly advanced stage, Mr. Fleming immediately began the improvements and innovations which have continued as a part of the manufacturing program of Fleming & Sons since that day, when the capacity of the mill was eight tons per week with a pay roll of five men. Today the weekly production is more than one thousand tons, and two hundred and fifty employees maintain day and night operations, seven days a week.

Associated with Mr. Fleming in those early years were his two sons, Walter L. Fleming and Ervin T. Fleming; and upon the death of the father the two sons continued the operation of the plant. In 1922 Walter Fleming died and Ervin Fleming, the president, had on his hands not only the obligation of carrying on the business in the high tradition of the Fleming name,

but also the training of the third generation, as each official of the firm has literally grown up in the industry. The executive personnel includes, besides the president: Joe B. Fleming, Secretary-Treasurer; John G. Fleming, Vice-President and Sales Manager; Ervin T. Fleming, Jr., Vice-President and Production Manager; and Walter L. Fleming, Jr., Assistant Production Manager.

The most modern and powerful machinery and equipment is used throughout the vast manufacturing plant where installation of a tremendous new power plant is the latest feature. A spacious new office building was erected in 1939, complete with library and recreation rooms. In a scientific and modernly equipped research laboratory, experiments and tests are continually being carried on to keep Fleming paper products up to the

Because paper is so vital to the war effort, a great portion of Fleming production is now devoted to Government requirements for our Army and Navy. Paperboard in general, is an essential war-time product. A high proportion of direct military needs is shipped in paper-

highest standards of the industry.

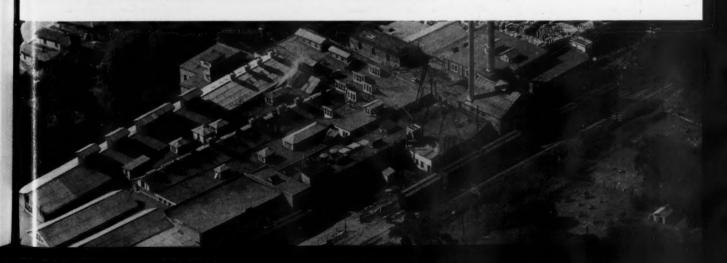


ERVIN T. FLEMING President, Fleming & Sons, Inc.

board packages, and many essential civilian supplies, such as food, also require paperboard packaging. Paperboard in many cases is the cheapest substitute material available, and there is constant pressure to use it in replacing metal or wood in packaging and for many essential needs. The range of Fleming products also covers building papers of all kinds for construction purposes, including tarsaturated sheathing; WALLRITE, a decorated building paper for interior use; various carlining papers; including Tex-Craft and indented carlinings; and a wide variety of paper specialties, including egg-cartons in both standard and specially designed types.



Below, an airplane view of Fleming Paper Mills, covering over 200,000 square feet. Pictured, left, is a section of the massive board machine, which is almost as long as the Magnolia Building is high. The Fourdrinier machine, making paperboard and building papers, is equally as long.



Industrial

(Continued from Page 7)

mation on the Dallas area and facilities at Dallas for manufacturing and distributing to Texas and adjacent States. Some ten thousand of the leading industrialists of the country have already been reached with three special pieces of literature published by the Department, and actual negotiations are under way in a number of instances looking to the establishment of important facilities in Dallas when conditions permit.

POST WAR PLANNING

The Department is helping in the preparation of a postwar planning program designed to aid in the conversion of existing industries from war production to peacetime goods for which there is a market in this area. The purpose of this campaign, soon to be launched, is to maintain after the war, so far as is possible, the City's present level of industrial employment. All manufacturers of war materials will be urged to begin planning for reconversion through the development of new products, redesigning old products, a study of markets looking to an expansion of territory, and the utilization of new materials in both old and new products.

To acquaint manufacturers with materials made abundant by the war, such as plastics, aluminum and magnesium, clinics probably will be held. At such clinics qualfied experts will suggest practical ways of utilizing these materials in postwar products, in such a way as to better the product and lower its cost. It is planned also to furnish manufacturers expert advice on plant design, layout and equipment, so that concerns desiring to construct new plants or rebuild existing plants may have the benefit of the best technical information available.

The Department is also making a survey of industrial areas and potential industrial districts in the City's environs, to meet the expected heavy demand for factory sites after the war, particularly for large tracts suitable for industries requiring considerable acreage. City authorities have been requested, in setting up the new city plan, to designate several desirable areas for industrial development as a part of the master plan.

Membership Department

(Continued from Page 10)

eral members of the Membership Committee during this campaign securing new memberships, and since that time has secured all other memberships. Every new membership secured during the past year has been either partially or fully paid for at the time the membership was secured.

The Public Relations Department has participated in, and has been concerned with, innumerable activities for the past year, in addition to personal service rendered to new concerns desiring assistance in making advantageous contacts, and securing vital information and direction for their particular business.

The Public Relations Department has been very active in all military matters and observances, and has directed whatever activity that was permissible for the Highway Committee under the present regulations. The Public Relations Department has recently taken over direction of the "Controlling Careless Talk Campaign," and it is appropriate to say at this time that the Committee handling this campaign is making very satisfactory progress.

During the past year more favorable and complimentary comment, unsolicited, on the activities of this Chamber of Commerce has been heard, even more than in previous years.

Military Affairs

THE Military Affairs Committee, composed of officers of the Eighth Service Command, the Fifth Ferrying Command, Naval Air Station, R. O. T. C., and in fact all branches of both of the Armed Forces, together with civilians - most of them with previous military experience - has for the past year participated in numerous projects of military importance, and has taken an active part in or sponsored every military observance held in Dallas. The Military Affairs Committee has for the past several years cooperated with the commanding officer of the R. O. T. C. in its entire program, realizing the importance of this institution for the welfare and training of our young men.

The Military Affairs Committee some time ago sponsored a movement in behalf of the veterans endeavoring to secure employment upon their discharge from service.

This committee has interested itself in the welfare of the Texas Defense Guard in an endeavor to recruit men for this particular service.

The committee has on several occasions interested itself in the program on social matters as it reflects on the morale and health of the personnel in all branches of the service.

The commanding officers of the Army Military Police and the Navy Shore Patrol have kept this committee advised of conditions within the Dallas area with a view to securing its cooperation, which was readily granted, in improving entertaining facilities for both the resident and transient service men.



Save Your WASTE PAPER

REMEMBER, waste paper is salvaged and made into paper boxes, cartons and shipping cases needed to send endless supplies to our Armed Forces, and for essential civilian needs.

Emergency Food Rations are shipped everywhere in paper containers.

Vital Red Cross supplies...food for American prisoners of war...are hurried to the four corners of the earth in paper containers.

And waste paper is made into actual implements of war, such as bomb bands, wing tips, airplane signals, parachute flares and shell containers.

Here on the Home Front, too, innumerable essential civilian and wartime items are handled in paper containers and cartons. Food...clothing... defense plant supplies ... are shipped in cases, boxes and containers made from the reclaimed waste paper which you can help salvage.

NEWSPAPERS...MAGAZINES Save CARDBOARD BOXES, CARTONS AND SHIPPING CASES PAPER BAGS... WRAPPING PAPER LETTERS, ENVELOPES AND OTHER ADVERTISING MATTER OLD RECORD FILES CONTENTS OF EVERY WASTEBASKET ANY KIND OF WASTE PAPER ... EVEN SUCH ITEMS AS OLD LAUNDRY BOXES, BREAKFAST CEREAL BOXES AND CIGARETTE PACKAGES ARE RECLAIMABLE

(For disposal of waste paper, etc., call Lakeside 4111)

This space was contributed by FLEMING & SONS, INC.

Manufacturers-Wholesalers

to 45,000 buyers throughout the United States. This National advertising brought recognition to the Dallas Market of a National scale, which was not anticipated when the section was first contracted for. The section includes half-page ad from this Association and twelve pages of editorial advertising from manufacturers and wholesalers in Dallas, matched page for page by editorial matter.

It also took a series of four ads in "Women's Reporter," which is a National magazine, with the thought in mind that, to the exclusive buyer, we could break down the general opinion that Texas is a section of the Wild West undeveloped. In these ads we endeavored to show that we lead in beef production, but we also manufacture ladies' hats; that we produce a major portion of the oil of the world, but we manufacture ladies' play suits; that we produce airplanes, but also manufacture ladies' dresses; that we produce synthetic rubber, but also manufacture ladies' slack suits and work garments

The Department is vitally concerned with the various War agencies, including WPB, OPA, WMC, ODT, WLB, etc., and the members of the organization are kept posted on the various distributives issued by these bureaus, which affect the manufacturers and wholesalers. On one dis-Price Administration, No. 287, we have

"53 Years in Dallas"

J. W. LINDSLEY & CO.

Our 53 years' experience in handling Real Estate in Dallas enables us to give quick and efficient service in filling your needs.

We Specialize in Industrial Property
1209 Main St. • Phone C-4366

this year, so far, held 82 committee meetings.

At present the War Labor Board has asked the Manufacturers and Wholesalers Association to gather statistical information from 150 manufacturers in Texas, Oklahoma and Louisiana in an endeaver to stabilize wage rates for the clothing industry, and we are acting as a clearing house for the manufacturers of these three states.

This organization has always cooperated with the Chamber of Commerce in taking out our Annual Good Will Tours each year, since 1900, but we were forced to postpone the trip this year because transportation facilities were not available. Therefore, the business men of Dallas, in order to keep their contacts with their customers throughout the trade territory, bought thirteen radio programs on fifty-six different radio stations, advising their customers that merely because we could not get our transportation facilities we had not forgotten them, but were telling them "hello" through the medium of the radio, and immediately after blasting the Axis with our "bonds and bombs," we would return to their localities and visit them personally. This program was paid for by the former members of our Annual Good Will Tours.

The Association was asked to assist in getting the underwriting for the "Starlight Operetta." After they had enthusiastically endorsed its presentation, the Manager of this Department personally contacted the underwriters and obtained their signatures for this undertaking.

Due to the rationing of gasoline and the rubber shortage, traveling salesmen representing Dallas firms are unable to cover the territory or contact their customers as they have in the past. Therefore, our transportation refunds have increased about three times over the preceding year. This is occasioned by the tributive alone, issued by the office of fact that the retailer is able to visit us when our salesmen are not at liberty to travel their territory and contact their customers.

The correspondence through inquiries from retailers throughout the entire United States has increased at least 50%. We have inquiries from national organizations, from buying agencies, and from independent stores all over the country, which are caused by two conditions—one the scarcity of merchandise, the other our National advertising.

The Department has issued two directories this year, one of them a directory of children's and ladies' apparel, including the various price ranges of each manufacturer, also the size ranges; the other directory is a directory of Dallas Manufacturers, which includes the approximate number of employees, the exact commodity manufactured, the street address and the telephone number.

The Department assisted the Texas State Manufacturers Association in a protest of high rates on workmen's compensation which involved millions of dollars, and through the efforts expended have already received a reduction in rates and we anticipate a greater reduction.

The Association appointed a Planning Committee to advise with Mr. Harland Bartholomew, recently appointed Planning Engineer for the City of Dallas, and with Major E. A. Wood in an endeavor to secure a solution to the problem of where we might hold our various showings in the down-town area. These various showings would include shoe shows, gift shows, hardware shows, apparel, etc.

The Annual Banquet of the Manufacturers and Wholesalers was held December 8, presided over by President Chas. A. Moore, at which time five new directors were elected.

The Department sponsored and assisted the Senate Committee on smaller war plants, meeting at the Adolphus Hotel, which resulted in greater benefits to some of our members.

The Department assisted in publishing two magazines, which have National distribution, advertising the City of Dallas as a complete market.

Various requests from chambers of commerce throughout the country have been answered and assistance given them.

The various Government depots and Army Camps have called on us for wholesale purchases, in which we have assisted.

We have endeavored at all times to disseminate information to the manufacturers and wholesalers in order to keep them in compliance with Government regulations as they appear.

Looking Back ...

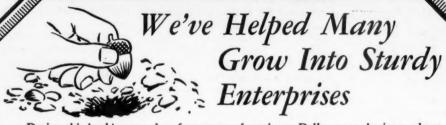
we see a year devoted to important war work as well as to moralebuilding civilian business.

Looking Forward ...

we plan a schedule of war work to help bring Victory nearer; we intend to carry on our regular business with our customers' cooperation and patience.

STANDARD FIXTURE, INC.

Factory, Office, and Showroom 1218 South Lamar Downtown Showroom
Display Materials
and Fixtures
1006 Commerce



During this bank's more than forty years of service to Dallas, many businesses have grown large from small beginnings.

Some of these enterprises, all of which have been factors in the growth of this community, were customers of this bank when they started, usually with just an idea and lots of determination.

They found cooperation in this bank that helped them over the rough spots.

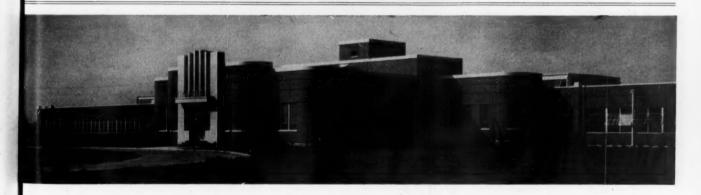
That friendly interest, that eagerness to extend every service, that dependability, keep this bank going forward as our customers and the community go forward.

DALLAS NATIONAL BANK

F. D. I. C.

Our 40th Year of Progress with Dallas

MEMBER
FEDERAL RESERVE
SYSTEM



Yuletide Greetings

A Merry Christmas and Happy New Year to All

HAGGAR COMPANY

General Offices: DALLAS, TEXAS

6113 LEMMON

Factories: Dallas ... Greenville ... Waxahachie

L-6-3814

Washington Office

(Continued from Page 8)

nity property system was to insure that the bill contained nothing prejudicial to community property. The report accompanying this bill stated clearly that it made no change in existing law with respect to community property.

If community property should escape unscathed in the present tax bill, it will encounter another potential danger early in 1944. A "simplification" tax bill will likely be considered at that time, its purpose being to simplify the nation's tax laws and provide a greater degree of uniformity. Despite the undeniable soundness and integrity of the community property system, any bill in Congress

PHOTOSTAT PRINTS

Southwestern Blue Print Co.

1801 Commerce Street

Phone C-8084

Hudson & Hudson

Industrial and Business Properties

Sales, Leases and Management Great National Life Building PHONE R-9349—DALLAS

Alex D. Hudson

James S. Hudson

Fully-Paid Investment Certificates Issued \$100 to \$5,000

Insured by Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation, Washington, D. C.

METROPOLITAN BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATION

1400 MAIN STREET

R.510

which seeks to make the nation's tax laws uniform will of course throw a spotlight on the peculiarities of this system in effect in eight states.

(2) THE TRINITY RIVER

This important matter lay more or less dormant during the first few months of 1943 because the Rivers and Harbors Committee felt it was not a propitious time to prepare an omnibus river and harbor bill. Consequently, just prior to the Congressional summer recess, friends of the Trinity program successfully arranged for the flood control features to be transferred from the Rivers and Harbors Committee to the Flood Control Committee, which was in process of considering a flood control bill. When Congress reconvened in September, however, more attention began to be directed toward post-war planning and the Rivers and Harbors Committee decided to prepare an omnibus bill for submission to the Congress. Advocates of the Trinity then prepared for a hearing to present the Trinity case, particularly in view of the fact that the Association of American Railroads had listed the Trinity among the projects which it intended to oppose. After some conversations, however, the railroads agreed to withdraw their opposition if the Trinity items in the bill were confined to the engineering report, which calls for the approval of flood control provisions and a 9-foot channel up to Liberty. Advocates of the Trinity agreed to this limitation for the time being, and the Trinity hearing before the Committee was held without incident. It is the belief of the Trinity proponents that the comprehensive Trinity program can be more effectively promoted once the project is definitely under way. Particularly is this true when it is realized that adoption of the engineering report carries with it a tacit endorsement of the overall plan.

Meanwhile the flood control features of the program have remained before the Flood Control Committee. While this is a duplication, it is also insurance. Hearings before both committees are proceeding rather leisurely, since neither committee expects to report out a bill until some time after the first of the year.

Cł

cit

las

of

be

ple

fre

In

bei

pre

of

Da

Da

the

Dis

the

ver

the

air

rio

in

Boa

Ne

ing

mai

in t

ple

also

tion

pan

con

nun

alth

Dal

ind

the

repi

Dal

cern

prol

latio

here

tant

as th

into

las'

doul

the i

a wa

brou

Com

Was

mod

DALI

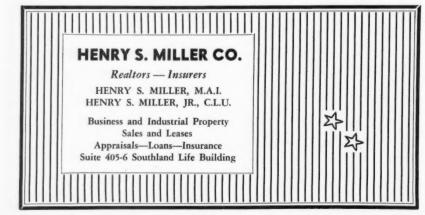
Determined to overlook no phase of the Trinity program, we have been investigating various approaches to the problem of strengthening and rehabilitating the levees at Ft. Worth and Dallas. Although improvement of these levees is incorporated in the Trinity program before both committees, it is posssible that this work may go forward without further Congressional authorization by using emergency funds for flood control already provided by the Congress. A decision on this matter has not been reached at this writing.

As the war draws nearer a close and the attention of Congress is directed more and more toward post-war planning, the Trinity issue can be expected to become much more active. The year 1944 should be of great importance in so far as the Trinity River program is concerned.

(3) Manpower

Probably no problem has been more widely publicized in Dallas in recent months than the manpower situation. The dramatic story of Dallas' designation as a Group 1 labor area and subsequent reclassification into Group 2 is so familiar to the people of Dallas that it needs no elaboration here. Suffice it to say that the Washington office of the Dallas Chamber of Commerce has been exceedingly active throughout this controversy, keeping in close touch with high officials in both the legislative and executive branches of the government, and doing everything possible in Washington to bring about a desirable solution to the labor situation. This has been one of the most complex, delicate, and confusing problems with which your Washington representative has had to deal. It remains very much an alive issue and its ultimate solution will be determined largely by impending changes in national manpower policies.

Although these three important matters more or less dominated public interest in Dallas, there have been others almost as important. Among the latter are the Midway Airport and Highway 183, both of which are still very much in the public eye. Your Washington representative cooperated with Dallas



Chamber of Commerce committees and city officials of Dallas in presenting Dallas' case with regard to the Midway Airport. Every effort was made at this end of the line to advance the best interests of Dallas in this controversy. With respect to Highway 183, efforts are now being made to secure approval of the War Production Board of plans to complete this important project. An appeal from an adverse ruling of the Non-Industrial Facilities Committee is now being prepared and will be strongly presented at an early date.

of

e i-

n

d

There have been many miscellaneous problems arising during the year, many of them of considerable importance to Dallas. The Washington office of the Dallas Chamber of Commerce has been active, for example, in such matters as the transfer of the 10th Civil Service District from New Orleans to Dallas; the selection of Southern Methodist University as a school for Navy trainees; the possible designation of Dallas as an air port of entry; the support of various applications by airlines operating in Dallas before the Civil Aeronautics Board, such as Delta's new service to New Orleans and Braniff's proposal for a Lubbock stop; and so on, Also deserving of mention is the assistance given manufacturers of work clothing in Dallas in the working out of a number of complex problems arising from W. P. B. and O. P. A. regulations. Reference should also be made to continuous investigation of possibilities for industrial expansion in Dallas, such as the possible construction of a rubber plant, aluminum mill, and government hospitals, although the critical labor situation in Dallas temporarily discouraged further industrial expansion.

Too numerous to mention have been the occasions in which your Washington representative has endeavored to assist Dallas businessmen and business concerns in working out their complicated problems involving governmental regulations. This important phase of activity here will doubtless become more important during the months and years ahead as the nation moves from a war program into a broad peace-time economy. Dallas' relative position economically will doubtless depend in large measure upon the manner in which the transition from a war-time to a peace-time economy is brought about. The Dallas Chamber of Commerce is already rendering a notable service in this direction, and your Washington office hopes to be of some modest assistance.



ROLLINS & FORREST

CONSULTING ENGINEERS

Praetorian Building
Phone C-4200

CONTROL OF CONTROL OF

Dallas

BALLER BARRESSE



Timeless Brilliance for Her Christmas

A glamorous Ceylon Sapphire, entirely surrounded by glistening diamonds. A ring which she'll treasure always for its priceless beauty and inimitable charm.

> \$750 Including Tax

ARTHUR A.

INVESTMENT

RVBRAS

COMPANY

ANNOUNCING

THE REMOVAL OF OUR OFFICES

TO THE TWENTY-SEVENTH FLOOR

OF THE MERCANTILE BANK BUILDING

RAUSCHER, PIERCE & COMPANY

Transportation

(Continued from Page 10)

transportation field due to the war emergency in that many rules and regulations have been promulgated by federal agencies such as the Office of Defense Transportation. The orders from this bureau affect not only the carriers direct but shippers also. In order that interested parties may be kept advised as to what these various federal transportation agencies were doing, copies of their orders were reproduced and we mailed out 3,026 such letters.

Your manager attended 52 meetings this year of different organizations, committees, etc., with which we are affiliated. This is done in order that we may not only keep up with the affairs here but have an over-all picture of what is going on in the traffic and transportation field elsewhere. There were 265 letters mailed out introducing Interstate Commerce Commission service orders affecting traffic and transportation; 13 classification matters were handled.

The Transportation Committee of the Dallas Chamber of Commerce, consisting of fourteen members, representing various industries in this city, two attorneys specializing in traffic and transportation matters and a representative of the post office to advise with us on mail and parcel post matters, supervised the activities of this department. They keep up to date

LOOSE LEAF COVERS • EDITION BINDING
CERLOX PLASTIC BINDING
Ask Us or Your Printer

2000 North Field Street R-5179

AMERICAN BEAUTY COVER CO.

Mr. Merchant . . .

For larger profits and repeat business sell REALSHINE Shoe Polish . . . made by the oldest shoe polish manufacturer in Texas.

REALSHINE COMPANY

2644 Main St. Dallas, Texas C-5631

on all matters that might affect the interests of this city and give plentifully of their time without thought of remuneration other than a feeling that they have had something to do for the community.

This committee averaged over one meeting a month handling a variety of matters such as numerous federal bills that would affect all modes of transportation as well as directly and indirectly affecting the movement of merchandise. These bills were thoroughly analyzed and where necessary proper recommendations made and transmitted to our representatives in Washington for direct handling with Texas senators and representatives.

They also gave consideration to a number of Office of Defense Transportation Committee orders and where they felt they would adversely affect the community proper representation was made to that bureau. The committee gave consideration and it was handled with their authority the following matters before carriers and later on with the state regulatory body and the needed change accomplished 100 per cent:

Application filed by Houston and Galveston breweries requesting that transportation costs from their plants be reduced from 22½ per cent of first class to 20 per cent and in specific instances to 4 cents less than 20 per cent of first class rate. The manager appeared before the Railroad Commission of Texas and was successful in securing the same relative adjustment for the account of our breweries located here.

CARL B. McKINNEY

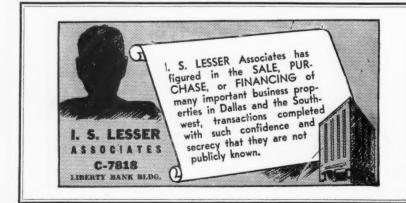
Dentist

HOURS: 8:00 A. M. to 5:00 P. M. Closed on Sunday

Location over Palace Theatre

16211/2 Elm

C-6327



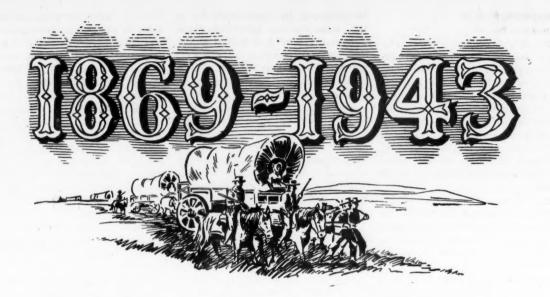
Dallas

At the request of a tin can manufacturer located in the city representation was made to carriers and before the commission requesting that they permit the movement of boxes, tin lined, shipped to a defense plant for the further movement of ammunition and bombs at the rates in effect on the individual article.

At the request of industries located in the city of Dallas the question of securing reduced rates on buffing or polishing compound was successfully handled with a result that the rates were reduced from third class to fourth. Also at the request of Dallas industry we secured the same rating on window glass boxes, empty, returned from Dallas and Shreveport, La., as is in effect from Waco, Texas.

All of these matters represented 100 per cent accomplishment and due credit should go to the Transportation Committee. We still have pending before the state regulatory body one or two matters which we hope to handle satisfactorily to all interests concerned.

We advised in previous reports carriers filed what was known as the Thirteenth Section Case against the Railroad Commission of Texas in which it was alleged that the failure of the Railroad Commission of Texas to authorize an increase of 6 per cent in rates on intrastate traffic at the time they were made applicable on interstate commerce was discriminatory. The contention of carriers was sustained by the Interstate Commerce Commission which ordered the 6 per cent increase into effect on Texas traffic. However, after these increases were in effect a short time formal request was made by government agencies and others to the Interstate Commerce Commission that they review their previous action and find that there is no further need of the 6 per cent increase. The commission sustained these petitions and temporarily cancelled their order with a result that the Texas intrastate rates were reduced 6 per cent. Their order, however, was to apply only until December 31, 1943. At the present time an investigation is being made by the Interstate Commerce Commission with a view of ascertaining whether or not any change has taken place in the revenue of the transportation agencies that would either justify the continued discontinuance of this increase of 6 per cent or if the present final date of order as of Dec. 31 should be carried forward until July 1, 1944. Since this was written we are advised that the further elimination of 6 per cent on transportation costs has been set to a date terminating July 1, 1944.



74 YEARS IN TEXAS

TODAY

nhe to nt

in ig

it

Padgitt Bros. occupy their own five-story building at 1020 Commerce Street, extending through to Jackson Street, where they manufacture or distribute many products, including saddles, harness, cowboy belts, work and dress shoes, cowboy boots, shoe findings, upholstery material, paints, trunks, luggage.

RETAIL DEPARTMENT

In Padgitt's large retail store on the ground floor will be found one of the finest and most complete lines of luggage in the Southwest, including the famous, nationally advertised Wheary lines, sold exclusively in Dallas by Padgitt Bros.

In addition to trunks and luggage, this retail store also carries sporting goods, leather novelties, and gift items too numerous to mention.

I T was in the year 1869, 74 years ago, that W. C. Padgitt and J. D. Padgitt opened saddle shops in Bryan and Corsicana, Texas. Five years later, in the boom that followed the railroad's coming, J. D. Padgitt moved to Dallas and started business in a small building on the west side of the courthouse square, on the banks of the Trinity River.

In 1875 W. C. Padgitt joined his brother in Dallas and the partnership of Padgitt Bros. began. The history of Padgitt Bros. is closely related to the early development of Texas, is filled with the treasured memories of pioneer men and institutions. In the heyday of the Chisholm Trail, Padgitt's cowboy saddles and other leather goods were well known on the plains of Texas. Long before the days of the automobile, Padgitt saddles and leather goods were being shipped throughout the world, were known on the pampas of the Argentine, the steppes of Russia, the plains of Arabia, wherever men knew and appreciated fine leathers.

Today, as in the early pioneer days, the name Padgitt on saddles, harness, luggage and other leather goods is an assurance of quality materials, expert craftsmanship, authentic styles, and long-time endurance.

Padgitt Bros. Co.

1020 COMMERCE STREET DALLAS

"Fine Leather Goods Since 1869"

Financial-General

(Continued from Page 10)

Accounting statements, comprised of a balance sheet, income and expense statement, comparative monthly as well as cumulative figures of expenses and budget and other detailed information have been compiled monthly in this department for the directorate as a necessary guide to perfect control of finances. This is a part of accounting procedure and does not differ from applied practice in all larger institutions where accounting is applied.

The receivables and payables of the Dallas Manufacturers & Wholesalers Association, the Dallas Insurance Agents Association and our monthly publication, DALLAS, have been handled by this department.

Our membership accounts will compare favorably with last year and more

favorably than had been hoped for. In 1942 we had on our books 1,011 single members (171 being Industrial Expansion) and 549 budget members (12 being Industrial Expansion). This year we have to date 1,023 single members (151 being Industrial Expansion) and 550 budget (12 being Industrial Expansion). It would appear our membership is larger in 1943 but this is only true as to the number of memberships. From a standpoint of assessments 1943 will show approximately \$3,200 less than in 1942. Credit, of course, for this favorable showing goes to the manager of our Membership Department. We are responsible, however, for recording and the collection of these dues and can report that most of these accounts on the books now are current and some of them are prepaid.

In 1942 it was necessary to charge off almost \$3,500 as uncollectible. Of this amount we have been able to recover this year \$632.41. After going over the membership accounts we anticipate a charge off to bad debts this year of less than \$1.000.

DALLAS Magazine will show a profit for the year that should exceed 1942. The profit for 1942 after deducting \$666.77 for bad advertising accounts carried over from previous years, amounted to only \$165.28. This year we have only several accounts we feel uncollectible and they will amount to less than \$50. Profit for the nine months of 1943 amount to \$1,160.18 and we should at least break even on the next three issues and expect to make a profit on all three.

This department has, of course, complied with the government regulations regarding social security, victory and income tax deductions from the salaries of employees and has set up subsidiary records to substantiate these deductions and has made all the necessary government reports on time. For the benefit of those desiring to withhold from their salaries amounts for the purchase of war bonds we have made such deductions and have purchased and delivered bonds to the employees.

Purchases from some 250 member firms have been made and we have tried to prorate these purchases as equitably as possible.

We owe to the membership an unbiased financial report at the end of the year and we follow the accepted custom of having an outside audit made of our books and report to the board. They may point out some of our shortcomings but as a rule the report will reflect to the credit of the management.

Reservations were handled for the Colonel Hobby luncheon and the dinner honoring Eric Johnston, both of which were sponsored by the chamber. Reservations for approximately 300 meetings in our building were booked during the year. In a small way we have assisted with the annual election of directors.

A representative of this department has operated the Housing Bureau at one of the hotels each Saturday night and has also given assistance at some other times to transients having difficulty in securing rooms for the night.

The PBX board has handled efficiently and courteously a great number of calls. There are 27 active stations and 10 trunk lines servicing the various departments of the chamber and affiliated organizations located in the building. The average number of calls per day will amount to 800 and on special occasions this average will exceed 1,000. A conservative estimated number of calls for the year will be 300,000.

PRINTING AND MAILING DEPARTMENT Outgoing mail for the year, 230,292 pieces; incoming mail, 55,659 pieces.

Printing done for the year from Nov. 1, 1942, through Oct. 30, 1943, 315,949 pieces.



113 NORTH ERVAY

BETWEEN MAIN AND ELM

You Create A Business

INSURANCE is the then necessity

Insurance Premiums are an operating cost which must be added to the price of your product to be sold in a highly competitive market.

I reduce this insurance cost by competent insurance engineering, both fire and casualty.

I have represented only capital stock insurance companies for forty years.

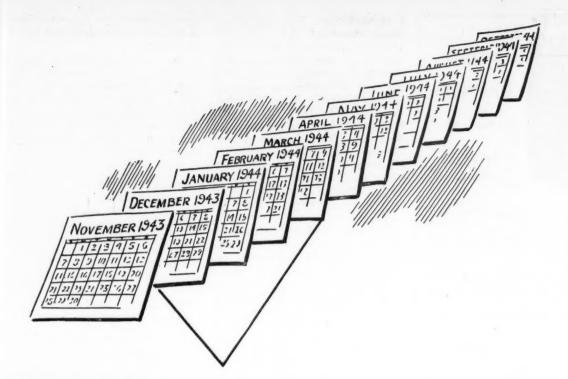


CRUGER T. SMITH

General Insurance

R-8624

Magnolia Building



READY for the

ral ley for to ak

mre-

nof

ecnd nt

se es

ds

ve n-

er ed

d d g d

e

PEAN volumes of Gas during the next four months

Most industries have their peak loads, but when they are unable to meet them, the excess demand is carried over. Unlike these others, the Natural Gas industry cannot predict when its cold weather peak days will come, nor how long the peak will last. And, whatever the peak demand, it must be met. Otherwise some gas users would suffer.

During the next four months Texas temperatures may range from zero to around 80 degrees. For such changes Lone Star must be prepared. The work of nearly 3,000 employees is planned and organized on a year around basis to meet these peak loads. For instance, during the past few months, a new 35-mile pipeline was laid from Alma in Ellis County southeast to Cayuga to tie in new supplies to our pipeline network. The line was built with pipe reclaimed from other sections on the system. The work was part of a complete get-ready-for-winter program.

As far as Lone Star engineers and production men can see, Lone Star System will be able to meet the wartime demands again this winter. A 4,800 mile interconnected pipeline makes gas available from over 1,000 wells in more than 75 different fields.



LONE STAR GAS COMPANY

Transporting and Distributing Natural Gas for War Plants, Business and the Home



FILING CABINETS

Made of

WOOD

Yes, steel has gone to war, and that means steel filing cabinets are out for the duration. But that doesn't mean you can't get filing equipment.

Stewart has filing cabinets made of wood, which serve the purpose and look like steel cabinets. See them at 1523 Commerce Street.



Conventions

(Continued from Page 8)

With its good hotels, theaters, night clubs, sport events and other entertainment facilities, Dallas is thronged each week end with service men from camps over a rather wide radius. Throughout this year the Chamber of Commerce has had one of its staff operate a Housing Bureau at one of the hotels every Saturday night, to which the various hotels refer service men and civilians unable to secure rooms. This bureau checks every hotel carefully for vacancies and also has a list of desirable rooms for rent in private homes.

The many cooperative marketing events the past year arranged to avoid the crowded week ends. They have been exceptionally well patronized. Because of the gasoline and tire situation and crowded transportation lines, representatives of factories are handicapped in visiting and serving retailers. Likewise the number of retailers accustomed to making trips to far-distant markets has been greatly reduced, the Dallas market and the showrooms in the hotels during these cooperative marketing events being attended instead.

Substantially supplementing the direct financial benefits from convention visitors, are the magazine publicity, convention by-lines in newspapers, and the favorable reports on Dallas and Texas that pleased conventioneers take back to their homes.

The Chamber of Commerce Convention Department assists conventions along such lines as publicity, registration, advice on program features, housing and the like. Promises have been secured from several organizations to hold Victory Conventions in Dallas "when the lights come on again—."

Foreign Trade (Continued from Page 7)

ers spent \$537,600,20 in Dallas during 1943. While this was not a large increase over 1942 in dollar volume, it really is noteworthy when one realizes the difficulties encountered at the present time in obtaining any type of merchandise. Foreign buyers bought such items as ladies' readyto-wear, gifts, glassware, station wagons, electrical equipment, road machinery, toys, second-hand motors, airplanes, cotton gins, etc. Foreign buyers sold to domestic importers such products as henequen, candy, castor oil, silver jewelry, toys, chocolate, shoes, Christmas decorations, liquor, lumber, woolen and cotton materials.

We are constantly receiving letters from exporters in foreign countries who are making postwar plans and desire to make connections with firms that will be interested in handling their products in this country. A number of our members have made some very nice business contacts through this service.

Our records reveal that a total of 1,010 letters were written answering inquiries regarding various types of products and information in general.

During the past year the Foreign Trade Department of the Dallas Chamber of Commerce has again grown in importance in the minds of a very large number of people in foreign countries, especially Mexico, Guatemala, El Salvador, Cuba and Haiti. It is evident that the coming year will greatly expand their interest with us.

With postwar plans for the expansion of air transportation to be carried out and Dallas becomes a port of entry, the possibilities are very great for this market in the foreign trade field.

GRAYSON GILL

Architect and Engineer
306 Great National Life Building

PRACTICAL GIFT!

No man has enough hats—so you can be sure that giving him a Resistol "Self-Conforming" Hat is sure to please him. But there's a double thrill to this gift—when you give him the cute miniature hat and box with the gift certificate—then, when he enjoys the comfort and smart looks of his Resistol "Self-Conforming" Hat.

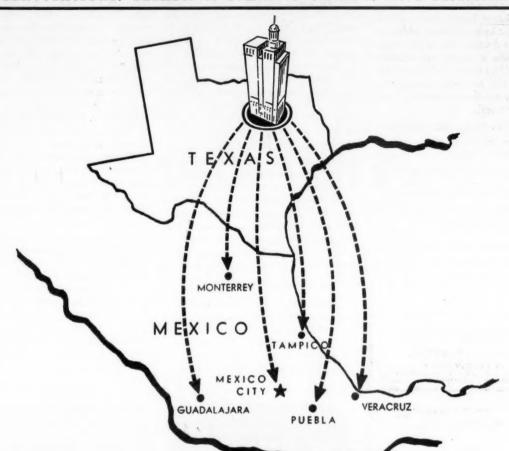
\$7.50 and \$10.



JAS.K.WILSON

Shop Early for Christmas!

MAIN AT FIELD



Doing Business with MEXICO?

If you do business with our good neighbor south of the Border, facilitate your transactions through Republic. We are equipped to handle letters of credit covering importing and exporting of merchandise to and from Mexico, travelers' letters of credit and travelers checks. Mexican Currency is Now Available at Current Rate of Exchange.

REPUBLIC NATIONAL BANK

OF DALLAS



ONE OF THE NATION'S 100 LARGEST BANKS



REPUBLIC BANK TRAVELERS CHECKS

sold by authorized banks and agencies. Cashed throughout the world, including all branches of Thos. Cook & Son. Use them when traveling.

d-d m y

Braniff Airways

(Continued from Page 15)

once far distant Buenos Aires will be only 25 hours by air. Europe, which formerly required a train-trip to the Eastern Seaboard and a week's trans-Atlantic crossing, will be within 20 hours of Dallas across the southern trans-Atlantic route where excellent year-round flying conditions prevail.

MAJOR AND LOCAL AIRLINE SERVICE

Braniff proposes to materially strengthen the position of Dallas on the domestic air transport system by means of applications illustrated on page 15, United States map. Recognizing the need for more convenient service to both the East and West Coast. Braniff has proposed major airline routes that will effect substantial savings in travel time for Dallas travelers.

By means of existing routes to Oklahoma City, through service to the East will be provided by means of Braniff's

> Metropolitan BUSINESS COLLEGE

56 Years in Dallas
Please phone C-8773 when you need a good stenographer or bookkeeper. Thank you.

Wholesale Merchants Building

the pivotal point of the Dallas Wholesale Market . . . Space available in 300 to 2,000 square foot units at very moderate rentals.

912 COMMERCE STREET Phone C-3725

Dallas, Texas

proposed Oklahoma City-Boston route that proceeds through Tulsa and St. Louis to Cincinnati, from there one leg going via Columbus and Pittsburgh to Newark-New York, the other via Washington, Baltimore, and Philadelphia. As an alternative routing, passengers would also have available Braniff's proposed extension of its present route beyond Chicago to Detroit and Newark-New York. These two applications would provide swift one-company service between Texas and Eastern industrial centers.

To the west, Braniff proposes an Amarillo-Los Angeles extension via Albuquerque that would bring the west coast within easy reach of Dallas travelers. The San Antonio-El Paso route would make available alternate routing to the west coast and would also provide local service to the border communities Uvalde, Del Rio, Fort Stockton, Marfa and Alpine.

TRADE AREA AIRLINE SERVICE

Research has been conducted for some time into the possibilities of extending the benefits of air transportation to the very small communities of the nation and the rural areas surrounding them.

Studies indicate that the most effective

ALWAYS CHOOSE An Affiliated NATIONAL HOTEL MARAMMA Mobile
NOTEL ADMIRAL SEMMES....Birmingham NOTEL INGMAS SETTENSON, DIFFERENSON

NOTEL WASHINGTON......Washington HOTEL FAUST INDIANA
HOTEL CLAYPOOL LOUISIANA JUNG HOTEL DESOTO MISSISSIPPI NOTEL LAMAR.
NEBRASKA
NOTEL PAXTON.
NEW MEXICO
HOTEL CLOVIS.
NOTEL ALDRIGGE.
SOUTH CARDINA NOTEL ALUNIDEE.
SOUTH CAROLINA
HOTEL WADE HAMPTON.... TEXAS NOTEL ALICE ... F. AUSTIN EDSON . HOTEL NOTEL SETTLE
NOTEL BROWNWOOD
NOTEL SOUTHERN
NOTEL LAGUNA
NOTEL CORTEZ
NOTEL EXAS
NOTEL BUCCANEER
NOTEL JEAN LAFIT
NOTEL JEAN LAFIT
NOTEL JEAN LAFIT VIRGINIA HOTEL MOUNTAIN LAKE .. HOST TO THE DATION

way to accomplish this project is by means of localizing "trade area" airline based in major trade centers whose schedules go out from the trade center into the area and return at times which are coordinated with arrivals and departures of trunk-line schedules. The operation must be devoted to the service of a single area in order to assure contunit of service and maximum development efforts. Most efficient coordination of trunk-line and trade area line schedules will be effected if existing air carriers have some financial participation in the trade area operation. Greatest support of the trade area lines will result, however, if at least part of its ownrship is distributed among individuals living in the area to be served.

Such an operation will, in truth, be a home-owned and home-operated affair, devoted only to the development of air traffic in the area which it is authorized to serve, yet closely coordinated with major routes connecting the trade area center with other principal metropolitan cities in the nation. Properly scheduled, it should place air service within 25 to 40 miles of more than 90% of the population in a given area.

It is on this theory that Braniff Airways is preparing applications for a localized air transportation system in the Dallas-Ft. Worth trade area. The map on page 15 shows typical routes that might be operated in the area, and illustrates also the manner in which they will be coordinated with international, major and local schedules serving the region. It should be borne in mind that the routes set forth here illustrate the theory, and do not represent the routes for which actual applications will be filed. The actual routes to be applied for will be determined upon the basis of the needs of the communities as developed in the studios which we are now concluding.

International, major, local and trade area air service developments will shrink tomorrow's world immeasurably. Dallas will be enabled to extend its commerce to areas now remote; will enjoy the farreaching advantages that improved communication lines inevitably bring to an aggressive, growing city. With the cooperation of all elements in the community's civic structure, working together for the success of such plans as are outlined above, and with similar plans of other airlines now serving our city, the air future of Dallas is bright and assured.

For 26 Years Helping to Build A Greater Dallas



DALLAS POWER & LIGHT COMPANY

Electricity Is Still CHEAP in Dallas

Master Plan

(Continued from Page 12)

should be planned. This is the population base for the master city plan." This report also indicates the city limits in 1970 and proposes a maximum density of population for the various areas that will make up the future city.

The major street plan is ready for submission to the City Plan Commission. It has already inspected on the ground all of the elements of the proposed major street plan and has approved the map showing the proposed street plan. But it has not received the text of the report yet.

The major street plan proposes seven types of streets to take care of Dallas traffic needs and stop the shifting of the central business district. The street types are (1) interregional, (2) express, (3) radial, (4) circumferential, (5) connecting thoroughfares, (6) distributor and (7) secondaries.

The purposes of each are as follows: the interregional brings traffic from the heart of one city to the heart of another without the interference of cross streets: there is no stopping for signal lights or traffic. To stop for oil or gas one must leave the interregional because it is a

freeway without access to abutting property. The interregional highway will enter and leave Dallas in the vicinity of Povdras Street between Young Street and Ross Avenue. The express highway is the name given to Central Boulevard. It picks up traffic on the outskirts of the city and brings it into the business district quickly and without interference from cross traffic. Radial streets are like spokes in a wheel. They are wide thoroughfares usually eight lanes wide which collect traffic and bring it into the business hub. Circumferential streets are like the tire on the wheel; they hold the spokes in place and carry traffic from one spoke to another all the way round the city. These may be landscaped and made into attractive parkways. Connecting streets and secondary streets connect the other elements of the street plan and enable the whole plan to function smoothly and effi-

One of the purposes of a major street plan is to protect the central business district against shifting and the loss of values. The interregional, express, and radial streets lead traffic to the central business district in an orderly and efficient manner and take it out again. Mr. Bartholomew has bounded the central business area by Houston Street, Ross Avenue, Harwood Street, Pacific Avenue, Preston Street and Young Street.

The above streets are classified as distributor streets because it is their function to pass the traffic into and out of the district and take care of both righ and left hand turns.

D

Ma

scal

Wo

reac

con

new

stor

poi

San

the

wid

trac

Cha

den

W.

Con

mitt

Star

beer

gare

Har

Seci

STA'
MI
TH
191
Of "
las,
State

Be and C. B ing 1 of this, to state a dai said capti as ar as as print

1. lisher agers

tion, imme of st more corpo vidus

comp name vidus of Co 3. other cent or o state. 4. the r ity b stock

upon wher

upon

perso actin conta edge dition holde

omp

The above brings the reader up to date on the progress of the Dallas Master Plan. The various elements of the plan have been listed and dates set for the completion of each. Enough has been related to illustrate the thoroughness of the investigation and the planning for each element. When the entire plan is completed in January, 1945, Dallas will have an invaluable guide to chart its future growth. Such a guide will enable the city to avoid many costly mistakes and build, with the same amount of money as is expended by other cites, an attractive, comfortable and desirable city.

Retail Merchants (Continued from Page 8)

We have put on a great many drives and assisted in the promotion of War Bonds and Stamps sales. The majority of our merchants are giving an entire window in their stores for continuous display purposes in helping put over the sale of these Bonds and Stamps.

The Retail Merchants sponsored the first District Conference in the Southwest, which was held by the National Retail Dry Goods Association on October 19th and 20th, and was one of the most successful District meetings held in the country. Ten different states sent representatives.

Decoration of the downtown Dallas streets for the Christmas season. These decorations will not be as extensive or as elaborate as in previous years, which will be in keeping with our present emergency measures.

The Association has also taken an active part in all Office of Civilian Defense activities in the city, especially in the establishment of the Consumers Center in Dallas County. The secretary is a member of the General Committee of the Consumers Center.

There has also been a large number of smaller activities in which the Association engaged during the past year, which are too numerous to mention, such as Armistice Day celebration, Navy-Week, and different Government recruiting programs.

Our Association has shown a substantial increase in membership for the past year, which is decidedly a good indication that we are making a healthy growth and that the merchants of Dallas are becoming more and more interested in the activities and services rendered by the Retail Merchants Division of the Chamber of Commerce.

FOR INCOME TAX SERVICE

AND

ACCURATE ADVICE

Consult

Wiott W. Rankin, C.P.A.

30 Years in Dallas

Remember, December 15th is the last date to modify your estimated 1943 TAX RETURNS.

3714 Vickery Boulevard PHONE: Tennison-3-6350



DALLAS TRANSFER

and Terminal Warehouse Co. (Established 1857) 2nd UNIT, SANTA FE BUILDING

Warehouse, Office and Display Space Moving-Heavy Hauling-Packing

Agents for:
H. & N. T. Motor Freight Line
Lone Star Package Car Company
Dallas-Fort Worth Motor Freight Lines Allied Van Lines, Inc.

PHONE C-7111

Dallas Market

ft

e

0

n

During the past two years the Dallas Market has been advertised on a national scale, and one of the mediums used is Women's Wear Daily, a newspaper which reaches approximately 45,000 buyers.

Each month the Dallas Market has a complete section of several pages in this newspaper. In the last issue the lead story of the section concerns the appointment of Mr. E. P. Simmons of Sanger Bros. being named chairman of the Budget Committee to establish a citywide plan to centralize allotments of contracts for war agency promotions. The Chairman is Major B. F. McLain, President of the Dallas Chamber of Commerce. W. A. Green, President of W. A. Green Company, will head the Allocations Committee; W. S. Henson, Production; and Stanley Foran, Publicity. J. B. Adoue has been elected Treasurer and Mrs. Margaret Evans, promotional director for A. Harris & Company, has been appointed Secretary of the committee.

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGE-MENT, CIRCULATION, ETC., REQUIRED BY THE ACTS OF CONGRESS OF AUGUST 24, 1912, AND MARCH 3, 1933

of "Dallas" Magazine, published monthly at Dallas, Texas, for December 1, 1943. State of Texas, County of Dallas, ss.

State of Texas, County of Dallas, ss.

Before me, a Notary Public in and for the State and county aforesaid, personally appeared Gordon C. Brown, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Editor of the "Dallas" Magazine and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management (and if a daily paper, the circulation), etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the Act of August 24, 1912, as amended by the Act of March 3, 1983, embodied as section 537, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse side of this form, to-wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the pub-

as section 537, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse side of this form, to-wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are: Publisher, Dallas Chamber of Commerce, Dallas, Texas; Acting Editor, Z. E. Black, Dallas, Texas; Business Manager, Velma Boswell, Dallas, Texas.

2. That the owner is: (If owned by a corporation, its name and address must be stated and also immediately thereunder the names and addresses of stockholders owning or holding one per cent or more of total amount of stock. If not owned by a corporation, the names and addresses of the individual owners must be given. If owned by a firm, company, or other unincorporated concern, its name and address, as well as those of each individual member, must be given.) Dallas Chamber of Commerce, Dallas, Texas; no capital stock.

3. That the known bondholders, mortgages, and other securities are: (If there are none, so state.) None.

4. That the two paragraphs next shove, giving

or other securities are: (If there are none, so state.) None.

4. That the two paragraphs next above, giving the names of the owners, stockholders, and security holders, if any, contain not only the list of stockholders and security holders as they appear upon the books of the company but also, in cases where the stockholder or security holder appears upon the books of the company as trustee or in any other fiduciary relation, the name of the person or corporation for whom such trustee is acting, is given; also that the said two paragraphs contain statements embracing affiant's full knowledge and belief as to the circumstances and conditions under which stockholders and security holders who do not appear upon the books of the company as trustees, hold stock and securities in a capacity other than that of a bona fide owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

Z. E. BLACK, Acting Editor.

Z. E. BLACK, Acting Editor. Sworn to and subscribed before me this 17th ay of September, 1943.
(Seal) S. GOODSTEIN.
(My commission expires June 1, 1945.)



I. S. LESSER

Selling "Secrecy"

A man is making a name for himself selling "secrecy"!

It's a strange stock in trade, that combines an intimate knowledge of business enterprise with a remarkably tight lip that belongs to the person of I. S. Lesser, 1230 Liberty Bank Building, Dallas, whose operations reach the length and breadth of this country.

The Lesser Associates, as Mr. Lesser's firm is known, are agents for either buyer or seller of business properties, or they may assist in the refinancing of your business.

The value of secrecy in such transactions is obvious, especially in regard to the employees of your business. A contemplated change of ownership is always more disturbing to employee morale than any actual change. So quietly and uniquely do the representatives of Lesser Associates move in and obtain necessary audits and desired information, that sale or refinancing may be completed without the transaction becoming known to either employees, or outsiders.

This ability to maintain all knowledge "strictly confidential" and an ability to get buyer and seller together through an unusual system evolved by Mr. Lesser through years of experience, are assets

appreciated by all parties concerned, assets which have resulted in unusual success. Never is there the mention of a name in any Lesser report. Files bear only a number for identification. Lesser auditors proceed independently.

Another practice which the Lesser Associates hold to is the handling of a transaction at their own expense. If a deal is not completed, there is no charge for preliminary services. The file is closed, the key number is forgotten, and all remains a secret!

Don't forget to Vote for the Bond Issue on December 28th!





Seeing"

EYE GLASSES

All complete for as low

OPTICAL CO.

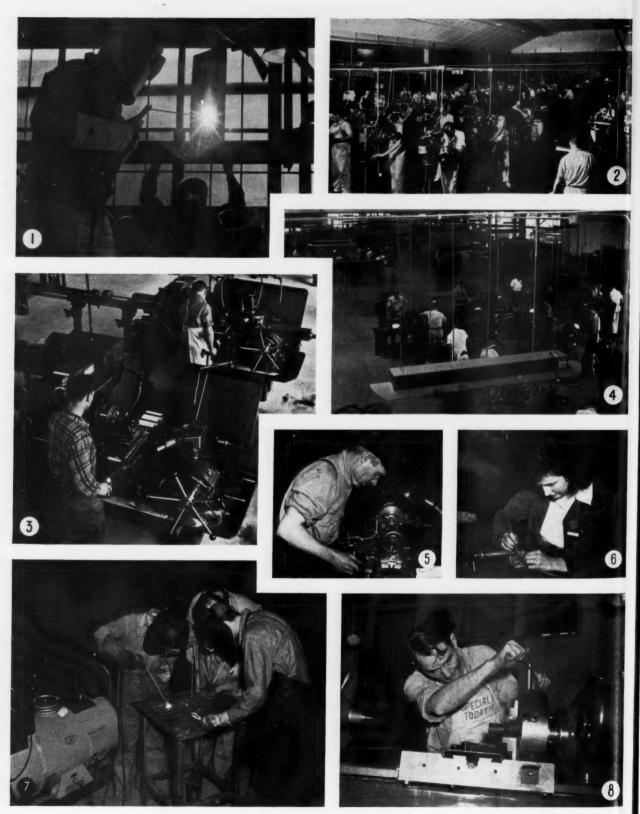
1927 Main Street

5401 East Grand Avenue

248 West Jefferson

Store Interiors and Fixtures, Designed by Sales Engineers. AT YOUR SERVICE. NO OBLIGATION

SHOW CASE & MANUFACTURING CO. 1907 CEDAR SPRINGS . DALLAS, TEXAS



Dallas is now a full-rounded manufacturing and industrial center with thousands of skilled mechanics



Season's Greetings

ANCHOR EMPLOYMENT SERVICE

301-2 Praetorian Building Competent Personnel for Office, Sales, Technical Positions No Charge to Employer Mae Lindsay, Mgr.

> Season's Greetings to Everyone

THE NITE SPOT

FRANK NICK, Proprietor Floor Shows Nightly Dining and Dancing Browder at Commerce Street C-7788

Christmas Greetings

ABBOTT & HAWKINS

Certified Public Accountants 1507 Cotton Exchange Building R-5983

> Unletide Greetings A Happy New Year

> > from

THE MURRAY COMPANY

3200 Canton

3

R-9441

Season's Greetings



FLIPPEN-PRATHER STORES, INC.

Owners and Rental Agents Highland Park Shopping Village

> Season's Greetings and a Happy New Year

ALLEN'S RADIATOR SERVICE

2206 North Akard Street

C-0569

Yuletide Greetings A Happy New Year

T. R. JONES, INC.

Oklahoma Contracting Company Magnolia Building

Season's Greetings

To those who have favored us with their most valued patronage, we extend our heartiest wishes for a Happy New Year.

ALASKAN FUR COMPANY

1807 Main Street

Heartiest Greetings

AMERICAN IRON AND METAL, INC.

Iron, Steel and Metals

2215 Latimer

H-5111

Unletide Greetings

FRITZ W. GLITSCH & SONS

HAPPY NEW YEAR TO ALL

2423 Caroline Street

R-6315

Season's Greetings to Our Friends and Policybolders

AMERICAN HOSPITAL AND LIFE INSURANCE CO.

TED T. TEEL, Manager Tower Petroleum Building

Yuletide Greetings to our

Friends and Patrons



GILLETTE MOTOR TRANSPORT, INC.

2508 South Harwood



Season's Greetings

A. J. BENEKE GARAGE

Service on All Cars

1408 Cam

R-2835

Yuletide Greetings

AND
A HAPPY NEW YEAR

TO ALL

GRAND AVENUE STATE BANK

5430 East Grand Avenue

T-3-4191

Christmas Greetings

AMERICAN OPTICAL COMPANY

1711 Commerce Street

R-8361

Season's Greetings and A Happy New Year

Ford MOTOR CO.

5200 East Grand Avenue

T-3-2181

Season's Greetings

To Our

Friends and Policyholders

GREAT SOUTHERN LIFE INSURANCE CO.

E. P. GREENWOOD, President

Kirby Building

R-8931

Season's Greetings from

COWSER & COMPANY

3121 Grand

H-7101

Yuletide Greetings To Our Friends

LAWYERS TITLE OF TEXAS, INC.

Representing

Lawyers Title Insurance Corp.

1107 Main Street

R-9858

Season's Greetings
To Our Many Friends and Policybolders

J. E. EARNEST & COMPANY

1517 Commerce Street

C-7207

MRS. SALLIE D. BOTZLER
(State Field Director)

Extends Greetings to Everyone in Behalf of

WOMAN'S BENEFIT ASSOCIATION

A Safe Life Insurance for the Entire Family Texas Headquarters, 1920½ Main Street C-5585

Yuletide Greetings

You and Your Family Will Enjoy

JAY'S MARINE GRILL

Specializing in Sea Foods and Those Delicious Hot Rolls

3718 Hall

L-9455

YULETIDE GREETINGS AND A HAPPY NEW YEAR

CHAS. H. ALEXANDER, JR.

Realtor

915 Praetorian Building

R-2422

Yuletide Greetings and a Happy and Prosperous New Year

*

RIPLEY SHIRT MFG.

410 South Beckley

W-1151

DALLAS . DECEMBER, 1943

Happy New Year
COMMERCIAL STANDARD

INSURANCE COMPANY
Fort Worth, Texas
H. E. KENNY. JR.

Branch Manager
505-6 Southland Life Bidg. R-9351

All Our Friends and Policybolders

Yuletide Greetings

To All Our Friends and

AMERICAN LAUNDRY COMPANY

301 Second Avenue

T-8177

Season's Greetings from

THE SYLVAN CLUB

Greenville Avenue

T-7-5757

Season's Greetings

To Our

Many Friends and Policybolders

REPUBLIC INSURANCE CO.

3415 Cedar Springs

J-8-6101

Season's Greetings

DALLAS TAILOR & LAUNDRY SUPPLY CO.

411 South Akard Street

C-4557

Wishing You Good Health, Good Cheer, Good Times Throughout the Coming Year

ATLAS METAL WORKS

Quality Metal Products

Eagle Ford Road

R-4788

REPUBLIC NATIONAL LIFE

Yuletide Greetings

THEO. P. BEASLEY, President Republic National Life Building

MERRY CHRISTMAS and a Happy New Year

to Our Friends and Patrons

Sam & Ed Auto & Truck Parts, Inc. 2815 Elm Street R-4111

Season's Greetings

To Our Many Friends and Policyholders

AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY OF TEXAS

Kirby Building

C-4622

Yuletide Greetings and a Happy New Year to Everyone

S. L. EWING COMPANY

J. T. BOYCE
Typewriters, Adding Machines,
Repairs and Supplies
1919 Main Street C-5401

Health, Happiness and Prosperity
is Our New Year's Wish
for All

DOLAN AIRCRAFT MANUFACTURING COMPANY

1369 North Zangs

M-2153

Dennis G. Colwell Agency

General Agents

General American Life Insurance Co.

DR. G. COLWELL, Agency Manager

ASSOCIATES

ASSOCIATES
Smack Reisor, C. B. Cooper, W. Fred Roberts,
E. T. Stout

Season's Greetings

In a world torn with strife we, in these United States, have plenty to be thankful for.

We are privileged to live in a free country with the finest people and the best form of government in the world . . . a country that is worth fighting for.

We are thankful that there are organizations such as ours in which we may all work together for the common good.

together for the common good.

We, your officers, directors, directors-elect
and staff, are deeply appreciative of your support. We hope that 1944 will be the beginning
of the happiest, most prosperous era ever experienced in Dallas, in Texas, in the United
States and in the whole world at large.

OFFICERS.

B. F. McLAIN, President

A. H. BAILEY, Vice-President

F. O. BURNS, Vice-President

D. A. HULCY, Vice-President

J. C. TENISON, Treasurer

J. BEN CRITZ, Vice-Pres. and Gen. Mgr.

DIRECTORS:

NATHAN ADAMS

A. H. BAILEY

F O BURNS

PAUL CARRINGTON

EDGAR L. FLIPPEN

FRED F. FLORENCE

J. M. HAGGAR

JAKE L. HAMON

WILLIAM S. HENSON

D. A. HULCY

O. H. KOCH

GEORGE L. MacGREGOR

B. F. McLAIN

JOHN E. MITCHELL, JR.

CHARLES R. MOORE

W. F. NEALE

J. M. PENLAND

JACK PEW

W. L. PREHN

E. P. SIMMONS

H. FULLER STEVENS

ERNEST R. TENNANT

STAFF:

MRS. RUBY ALLEN

MRS. CONSTANCE BARTLETT

Z. E. BLACK

BOB BOURDENE

VELMA BOSWELL

J. BEN CRITZ

R. C. DOLBIN

E. F. FLOYD

PAULINE FOSTER

SAM GOODSTEIN

MARK HANNON

MRS. ETHEL KLEINMAN

MRS. OLGA CARDENAS LEACH

JAY LITTLE

MARGARET MANN

ROSA LEE McCARTER

DALE MILLER

T. W. POND

JUANITA REID

SAM TOBOLOWSKY

CLYDE V. WALLIS FRANCES E. WHITE

MRS. EVA WILLIAMS



Season's Greelings To Our Friends and Customers Best Wisbes for All the Joys of a Happy Holiday Season

BEBEE MOTOR COMPANY
717 North Pearl R-2604

Yuletide Greetings

from

OLDHAM & SUMNER LUMBER COMPANY

927 South Haskell Ave. T-5195

> Merry Christmas and Happy New Year

C. B. ANDERSON & CO.

2201 Elm Street

SINCERE WISHES

for A Merry Christmas

A Happy New Year to All

SOUTHWESTERN DRUG CORPORATION

525 Browder

C-2271

Unletide Greetings

from

OZARK MOTOR LINES

600 Eagle Ford Road R-8007

Season's Greetings

JAGGARS - CHILES - STOVALL, Inc.

Complete Typographic Service COMPOSITION . MATS . STEREOTYPES

522 Browder Street - Dallas

Season's Greetings

DALLAS MORRIS PLAN BANK

Commerce Street at Murphy

Yuletide Greetings A Happy New Year

To Our Many Friends

SOUTHWEST INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT CO.

3215 Canton Street

R-1634

Season's Greetings and a Happy New Year to All

AMERICAN PREFABRICATORS

Repuiblic Bank Building

Unletide Greetings A Happy New Year

to Everyone SOUTHWEST TABLET

MFG. CO.

2110 Corinth

H-7185

Season's Greetings

GEORGE DE YOUNG

Interior Painters and Decorators

16101/2 Commerce

C-3863

Yuletide Greetings

to One and All

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE

914 Elm Street

C-5467

Dallas, Texas

DALLAS . DECEMBER, 1943

A Merry Christmas And a Happy New Year to All

GIFFORD-HILL & COMPANY, INC.

Texas Bank Building

Phone R-8194

Season's Greetings

from

AIR ASSOCIATES, Inc.

Love Field

D-4-2611

Yuletide Greetings To My Friends and Patrons

MURRAY INVESTMENT COMPANY

Republic Bank Building

Season's Greetings

M. P. CRUM CO.

1115-17 Kirby Building R-9993

Yuletide Greetings

RAMSBOTTOM LANDSCAPE COMPANY

Landscape Artists

5404 Preston

L-5181

Dallas, Texas

Season's Greetings To Our Friends and Policybolders

SCHEPPS & SABLOSKY

Yuletide Greetings

To Our

Friends and Patrons

HIGGINBOTHAM-PEARLSTONE HARDWARE CO.

1701 North Market

C-2213

Season's Greetings

BURTON LUMBER COMPANY

Good and Pacific

Yuletide Greetings

To My Many Friends

JUDGE SARAH HUGHES

14th District Court . Dallas, Texas

Season's Greetings



BAYLOR UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL

LAWRENCE PAYNE, Administrator

Dallas, Texas

Vuletide Greetings

WERT EMPLOYMENT SERVICE

OUIDA WERT, Manager
Qualified Applicants
Sales—Office—Technical
No Charge to Employer
602 Gulf States Building

Season's Greetings

To All Our Friends and Policyholders



CITY NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

2102 Bryan Street

R-3528



Merry Christmas * Happy New Year

Why don' you get the . . . FISHBURN HABIT?

CLEANERS - FINE LAUNDRY - DYERS - HATTERS FURRIERS AND COLD STORAGE

3200 Ross Avenue

Telephone T-4101

Branches: Oak Lawn at Lemmon — Abrams at Gaston



Season's Greetings

ERNST & ERNST

First National Bank Building

R-2263

Yuletide Greetings and A Happy New Year

NEW YORK MERCHANDISING CO.

1110 Commerce Street

R-896

Season's Greetings
to Our Friends and Patrons

BRANNAN'S CAFETERIA

1811 Main Street

R-0586

Yuletide Greetings and

A Happy New Year

HESSE ENVELOPE COMPANY

911 Munger

C-3292

Season's Greetings

To All Members and Their Families

DALLAS

SCOTTISH RITE BODIES

C. A. EGBERT, Secretary

R-919

Season's Greetings and A Happy New Year to Everyone

BURR'S

Knox at Cole

L-6-6500

Juletide Greetings and a Happy New Year to Our Friends and Patrons

MARINELLO BEAUTY SHOP

MRS. JANIE RICHARDSON
3610 Ross Avenue T-7-6078

Yuletide Greetings

ana

A Happy New Year

To Our Friends and Patrons

OAK CLIFF BANK AND TRUST CO.

R. D. SUDDARTH, President

DALLAS CITY PACKING COMPANY

Wishes All Its Friends and Patrons A Happy and Prosperous New Year

East Morrell Street

M-810

Yuletide Greetings To Our Friends and Policybolders

RIO GRANDE NATIONAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

R. W. BAXTER, President

Rio Grande National Life Building R-2288

Season's Greetings
ONE AND ALL

EASTMAN KODAK STORES, INC.

1504 Young Street

R-314

Yuletide Greetings

and

A Happy New Year

To Our Friends and Patrons

MORTEN-DAVIS COMPANY

800 Jackson Street

C-7796

Dallas, Texas

Yuletide Greetings to All and A Happy New Year

CABELL'S ICE CREAM AND DAIRY SHOPS

4017 Commerce

T-3-6148

Yuletide Greetings and A Happy New Year to All

J. I. CASE COMPANY

310 North Austin

C-1218

Season's Greetings

GUARANTY TITLE & ABSTRACT CO.

Great National Life Building

C-2641

Merry Christmas
and Happy New Year to Everyone

LIBERTY IRON & METAL CO.

1307 River Street

C-5866

Season's Greetings and a Happy New Year

DOLPH CONSTRUCTION CO.

516 Thomas Building

R-5916

Season's Greetings
To Our Many Friends and Policybolders

CHARLES A. LEVI & SON

Dallas National Bank Building

Merry Christmas and Happy New Year

BALL NUT & CANDY CO.

Shelled and Salted Nuts and Nut Candy 409 South Beckley M-0078

Yuletide Greetings

and

A Happy New Year

To Our Many Friends

MAGNOLIA PAPER COMPANY

325 North Walton Street

R-6393

Yuletide Greetings and a Happy New Year

MARCY LEE MFG. COMPANY

2212 South Lamar

H-5101

MERRY CHRISTMAS AND A HAPPY NEW YEAR

Acme Window Cleaning Co.

Building Maintenance General Janitor Service

1208 Fidelity Building

C-7660

Yuletide Greetings
to Our Friends and Customers

C. C. GALLAWAY & COMPANY

Dallas' Own Exclusive Rental Agents 1802 Main C-417

> Yuletide Greetings and A Happy New Year

THE EGAN COMPANY

(Egan Printing Co.)

916-1006 Ross Avenue

Yuletide Greetings to Everyone

DALLAS FEDERAL SAVINGS & LOAN ASSOCIATION

1411 Main Street

C-9377

Dallas, Texas

A Merry Christmas and A Happy New Year



Although they can't be bought they can be assured by buying . . .

LIFE INSURANCE

SOUTHLAND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

W. C. McCORD, President

Dallas Public Library Periodical Division 1926 Commerce St Dallas 1. Texas

U. S. POSTAGE 2c PAID Dallas, Texas Permit No. 1579

DALLAS' AIR SERVICE

Past_Present_Future

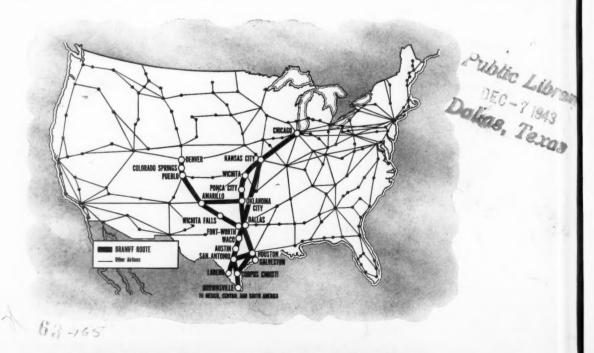
CINCE first we began serving Dallas in 1934, our constant effort has been toward the improvement of air transportation service for Dallas travelers.

Up to the time of Pearl Harbor, additional schedules were added, equipment was improved and enlarged and additional routes were added. Air fares have been reduced as rapidly as lower costs would permit, the last reduction occurring July 15, 1943. In 1935, Dallas became Braniff's Operations and Maintenance base, and in 1942, all General offices of the company were moved to the Love Field site.

We have on file with the Civil Aeronautics Board applications for additional routes that will materially strengthen the air service pattern of Dallas. Internationally, these routes will provide direct service to the principal capitals, industrial cities and oil centers of Central and South America, to the islands of the Caribbean and to Europe. Domestically, Braniff proposes new one-company service for Dallas direct to the industrial centers of the East and West Coasts.

In the field of feeder-line services, we are now preparing to file applications for routes which, if granted, will result in the development of a substantial base devoted to connecting Dallas by air with all of its trade area.

We pledge to Dallas restoration at the earliest possible moment of services discontinued because of the war. We further pledge continuing vigorous efforts to provide Dallas with air transportation of the finest possible type and in sufficient quantity to meet your needs; to assure Dallas of international air routes, of expanding service over existing trunk-line routes and of development of a complete system of trade area airlines; and to make all these services available to you at the lowest possible cost consistent with safety.



PHONE RIVERSIDE 3345-ADOLPHUS OR BAKER HOTEL

ANIFF AIRWA

